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For Professional Use Only

AmpliSens[®] *Dengue virus type-FRT*

PCR kit

Instruction Manual

AmpliSens[®]



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1. INTENDED USE

AmpliSens[®] Dengue virus type-FRT PCR kit is an *in vitro* nucleic acid amplification test for detection and differentiation of RNA of *Dengue virus* type 1-4 in the human clinical (blood plasma, blood serum) and autopsy material (brain, liver, spleen tissues), in animal material (brain, spleen tissues), in mosquitoes using real-time hybridization-fluorescence detection of amplified products.



The results of PCR analysis are taken into account in complex diagnostics of disease.

2. PRINCIPLE OF PCR DETECTION

The method is based on the RNA extraction from the biological material samples, RNA reverse transcription and amplification of the part of *DV* cDNA with real-time hybridization-fluorescence detection.

Dengue virus (DV) RNA detection by the polymerase chain reaction (PCR) is based on the RNA reverse transcription using TM-revertase enzyme and amplification of the fragments of *DV* 1-4 types cDNA using specific primers for the cDNA parts and Taq-polymerase enzyme. In the real-time PCR, the amplified product is detected with the use of fluorescent dyes. These dyes are linked to oligonucleotide probes, which bind specifically to the amplified product during thermocycling. The real-time monitoring of fluorescence intensities during the real-time PCR allows the detection of accumulating product without re-opening the reaction tubes after the PCR run.

AmpliSens[®] Dengue virus type-FRT PCR kit is a qualitative test that contains the Internal Control (**Internal Control STI-87-rec (IC)**). It must be used in the extraction procedure in order to control the extraction process of each individual sample and to identify possible reaction inhibition.

AmpliSens[®] Dengue virus type-FRT PCR kit uses “hot-start”, which greatly reduces the frequency of nonspecifically primed reactions. “Hot-start” is guaranteed by the separation of nucleotides and Taq-polymerase using chemically modified polymerase (TaqF). The chemically modified polymerase (TaqF) is activated by heating at 95 °C for 15 min.

3. CONTENT

AmpliSens[®] Dengue virus type-FRT PCR kit is produced in 1 form:

AmpliSens[®] Dengue virus type-FRT PCR kit variant FRT-50 F, **REF** R-V63(RG,CFX)-CE.

AmpliSens® Dengue virus type-FRT PCR kit variant FRT-50 F includes:

Reagent	Description	Volume, ml	Quantity
RT-G-mix-2	colorless clear liquid	0.015	1 tube
RT-PCR-mix-1-FRT DV	clear liquid from colorless to blue grey colour	0.6	1 tube
RT-PCR-mix-2-FEP/FRT	colorless clear liquid	0.3	1 tube
Polymerase (TaqF)	colorless clear liquid	0.03	1 tube
TM-Revertase (MMIv)	colorless clear liquid	0.015	1 tube
Positive Control DV 1-4 types / STI (C+_{DV 1-4 types / STI})	colorless clear liquid	0.2	1 tube
TE-buffer	colorless clear liquid	0.2	1 tube
Negative Control (C-)*	colorless clear liquid	1.2	8 tubes
Internal Control STI-87-rec (IC)**	colorless clear liquid	0.12	5 tubes

* must be used in the extraction procedure as Negative Control of Extraction.

** add **10 µl** of **Internal Control STI-87-rec (IC)** during the RNA extraction procedure directly to the sample/lysis mixture (see **RIBO-prep**, **REF** K2-9-Et-100-CE protocol or **MAGNO-sorb**, **REF** K2-16-1000-CE protocol).

AmpliSens® Dengue virus type-FRT PCR kit is intended for 60 reactions (including controls).

4. ADDITIONAL REQUIREMENTS

- 0,15 M NaCl or phosphate buffer solution (PBS) (sodium chloride, 137 mM; potassium chloride, 2,7 mM; sodium monophosphate, 10 mM; potassium diphosphate, 2 mM; pH=7,5±0,2).
- Homogenizer is recommended to use for autopsy materials and mosquitoes homogenization.
- Stainless steel balls with 5 mm and 7 mm diameter.
- RNA extraction kits.
- Disposable powder-free gloves and a laboratory coat.
- Pipettes (adjustable).
- Sterile RNase-free pipette tips with aerosol filters (up to 200 µl).
- Disposable screwed up or tightly closed 1.5 ml polypropylene PCR tubes.
- Tube racks.
- Vortex mixer.
- Desktop centrifuge with a rotor for 2-ml reaction tubes.

- PCR box.
- Real-time instruments (for example, Rotor-Gene 6000 (Corbett Research, Australia); Rotor-Gene Q (QIAGEN, Germany), CFX 96 (Bio-Rad, USA)).
- Disposable polypropylene PCR tubes (0.2-ml) when working with PCR kit variant FRT-100 F:
 - a) 0.2-ml PCR tubes with optical transparent domed or flat caps if a plate-type instrument is used;
 - b) 0.2-ml PCR tubes with flat caps if a rotor-type instrument is used.
- Refrigerator at the temperature range from 2 to 8 °C.
- Deep-freezer at the temperature range from minus 24 to minus 16 °C.
- Reservoir for used tips.

5. GENERAL PRECAUTIONS

The user should always pay attention to the following:

- Use sterile pipette tips with aerosol filters and use a new tip for every procedure.
- Store all extracted positive material (specimens, controls and amplicons) away from all other reagents and add it to the reaction mix in a distantly separated facility.
- Thaw all components thoroughly at room temperature before starting an assay.
- When thawed, mix the components and centrifuge briefly.
- Use disposable protective gloves and laboratory cloths, and protect eyes while samples and reagents handling. Thoroughly wash hands afterwards.
- Do not eat, drink, smoke, apply cosmetics, or handle contact lenses in laboratory work areas.
- Do not use a kit after its expiration date.
- Dispose of all specimens and unused reagents in accordance with local regulations.
- Samples should be considered potentially infectious and handled in biological cabinet in compliance with appropriate biosafety practices.
- Clean and disinfect all samples or reagents spills using a disinfectant, such as 0.5 % sodium hypochlorite or another suitable disinfectant.
- Avoid samples and reagents contact with the skin, eyes, and mucous membranes. If these solutions come into contact, rinse the injured area immediately with water and seek medical advice immediately.
- Safety Data Sheets (SDS) are available on request.
- Use of this product should be limited to personnel trained in DNA amplification techniques.

- Workflow in the laboratory must be one-directional, beginning in the Extraction Area and moving to the Amplification and Detection Area. Do not return samples, equipment and reagents in the area where the previous step was performed.



Some components of this kit contain sodium azide as a preservative. Do not use metal tubing for reagent transfer.

6. SAMPLING AND HANDLING



Obtaining samples of biological materials for PCR-analysis, transportation, and storage are described in the manufacturer's handbook [1]. It is recommended that this handbook is read before starting work.

AmpliSens[®] Dengue virus type-FRT PCR kit is intended for analysis of RNA extracted with RNA extraction kits from the human clinical (blood plasma, blood serum) and autopsy material (brain, liver, spleen tissues), animal material (brain, spleen tissues) and mosquitoes.

Sampling

6.1 *Blood plasma, blood serum.* Fasting draw of the whole peripheral blood is carried out in the morning to the tube with 6 % EDTA solution in proportion 1:20. Closed tube with the whole peripheral blood should be overturned several times. For obtaining blood plasma the tube should be centrifuged for 20 min on 1600 g.

For obtaining blood serum fasting draw of the whole peripheral blood is carried out in the morning to the dry tube. To form the clot blood should be defecated for 30 min at 37 °C, after that the tube should be centrifuged at 1600 g for 20 min. For the test 100 µl of the clinical materials must be taken during the RNA extraction using **RIBO-prep** or 1 ml of the clinical materials using **MAGNO-sorb**.

6.2 *Autopsy materials (brain, liver, spleen tissues).* This material is homogenized using sterile porcelain mortars and pestles, after that 10 % suspension is made on the sterile saline solution or phosphate buffer. In case of using an automatic homogenizer TissueLyser LT the following homogenization parameters for internal tissues should be applied: PBS-buffer volume or 0,15 M of NaCl solution volume for homogenization depends on the volume of homogenizing tissue, the proportion tissue/buffer is 1:9, so 10 % suspension is made. The total sample volume for the 1.5 ml tubes mustn't exceed 1 ml. Homogenization conditions for the brain tissues: balls' diameter – 5 mm, frequency – 50 Hz/s, time of homogenization – 2-3 min, for liver and spleen tissues: balls' diameter – 7 mm, frequency – 50 Hz/s, time of homogenization – 10 min. For RNA extraction 30 µl of suspension should be taken.

6.3 *Mosquitoes.* Use sterile porcelain cap and sterile pestle for preparing mosquito

suspension. In case of using an automatic homogenizer TissueLyser LT (QIAGEN, Germany) the following homogenization parameters for mosquitoes should be applied: balls' diameter – 5 mm, frequency – 50 Hz/s, time of homogenization – 5 min, buffer volume – 1000 µl (pool of 25 mosquitoes). At first pools of mosquitoes should be formed (not more than 25 species of mosquitoes of *Aedes* class). Mosquitoes are homogenized in the saline solution or in the phosphate buffer in proportion 1 mosquito – 40 µl of solution. The samples are centrifuged at 10 000 g for 1 min. After that 100 µl of supernatant is taken away for RNA extraction.

The above-mentioned biological material can be stored at 2-8 °C for 24 hours before the test or for a week at the temperature from minus 24 to minus 16 °C. For autopsy material and mosquitoes the following storage conditions are provided: internal tissues and mosquitoes are stored at temperature from minus 24 to minus 16 °C for a week, at temperature minus 68 °C - for a long time.

7. WORKING CONDITIONS

AmpliSens® Dengue virus type-FRT PCR kit should be used at 18–25 °C.

8. PROTOCOL

8.1. RNA extraction

It is recommended to use the following nucleic acid extraction kits:

- **RIBO-prep**, **REF** K2-9-Et-100-CE for RNA extraction from blood plasma and serum, internal and brain tissues homogenates, mosquitoes;
- **MAGNO-sorb**, **REF** K2-16-1000-CE for RNA extraction from 1 ml of blood plasma and serum.

The RNA extraction of each sample is carried out in the presence of **Internal Control STI-87-rec (IC)**.



If using RIBO-prep kit, extract the RNA according to the manufacturer's protocol taking into account next additions and improvements:

- Positive control of extraction (PCE) is not carried out in the analysis.
- The volumes of samples for RNA extraction are **30 µl** of homogenized brain tissues or internal tissues suspensions, **100 (possibly 200) µl** of blood plasma (or blood serum), **100 µl** of mosquito suspension.
- Add **10 µl** of **Internal Control STI-87-rec (IC)** and **300 µl** of **Lysis solution** to the tube labeled C– (Negative Control of Extraction).



If using MAGNO-sorb kit, extract the RNA according to the manufacturer's protocol

- Add **1 ml** of **Negative Control (C–)** reagent to the tube labeled C– (Negative Control of Extraction).

8.2. Preparing reverse transcription and PCR

8.2.1 Preparing tubes for PCR

The total reaction volume is 25 µl, the volume of RNA sample is 10 µl.

1. Prepare the reaction mixture for necessary number of reactions. Mix in the separate tube **RT-PCR-mix-1-FRT DV**, **RT-PCR-mix-2-FEP/FRT**, **polymerase (TaqF)**, **TM-Revertase (MMIv)** and **RT-G-mix-2**. For one reaction add:

- 10 µl of **RT-PCR-mix-1-FRT DV**;
- 5 µl of **RT-PCR-mix-2-FEP/FRT**;
- 0.5 µl of **polymerase (TaqF)**;
- 0.25 µl of **TM-Revertase (MMIv)**;
- 0.25 µl of **RT-G-mix-2**.

While counting it is necessary to take into account the fact that there must be the amplification of three control samples: Negative Control of Extraction (C–), Positive and Negative Controls of RT-PCR (C+ and NCA).

2. Add into each tube **15 µl** of the prepared mixture.



Do not store the prepared mixture.

3. Add **10 µl** of the **RNA samples** extracted from the test and control samples into the prepared tubes. Mix carefully by pipetting.

4. Carry out the control amplification reactions:

- NCA** – Add **10 µl** of **TE-buffer** to the tube labeled NCA (Negative Control of Amplification)
- C+** – Add **10 µl** of **Positive Control DV 1-4 types / STI (C+_{DV 1-4 types / STI})** to the tube labeled C+ (Positive Control of Amplification)
- C–** – Add **10 µl** of the **sample extracted from the Negative Control of Extraction (C–)** to the tube labeled C– (Negative Control of Extraction)



The samples should be amplified right after the mixing of the reaction mixture with RNA samples and controls.

8.2.2. Amplification

1. Create a temperature profile on your instrument as follows:

Table 1

Amplification program						
Step	Rotor-type instruments ¹			Plate-type instruments ²		
	Temperature, °C	Time	Cycles	Temperature, °C	Time	Cycles
1	50	30 min	1	50	30 min	1
2	95	15 min	1	95	15 min	1
3	95	10 s	5	95	10 s	5
	56	35 s		56	40 s	
	72	15 s		72	20 s	
4	95	10 s	40	95	10 s	40
	54	35 s Fluorescence acquiring		54	40 s Fluorescence acquiring	
	72	15 s		72	20 s	

Fluorescent signal is detected in the channels for the FAM, JOE, ROX, Cy5 and Cy5.5 fluorophores.

2. Insert tubes into the reaction module of the device. **Well 1** must be filled with the test tube.
3. Run the amplification program with fluorescence detection.
4. Analyze results after the amplification program is completed.

9. DATA ANALYSIS

Analysis of results is performed by software of the used real-time PCR instrument by measuring fluorescence signal accumulation in five channels:

- The signal of the *Dengue virus* 1 cDNA fragment amplification product is detected in the channel for the FAM fluorophore.
- The signal of the *Dengue virus* 2 cDNA fragment amplification product is detected in the channel for the JOE fluorophore.
- The signal of the *Dengue virus* 3 cDNA fragment amplification product is detected in the channel for the ROX fluorophore.
- The signal of the *Dengue virus* 4cDNA fragment amplification product is detected in the channel for the Cy5 fluorophore.
- The signal of the IC cDNA fragment amplification product is detected in the channel for the Cy5.5 fluorophore.

Results are interpreted by the crossing (or not-crossing) the fluorescence curve with the

¹ For example, Rotor-Gene 6000 (Corbett Research, Australia), Rotor-Gene Q (QIAGEN, Germany).

² For example, iCycler iQ, iQ5 (Bio-Rad, USA).

threshold line set at a specific level that corresponds to the presence (or absence) of a *Ct* value of the cDNA sample in the corresponding column of the results grid.

Results are interpreted according to the Table 2.

Table 2

Correspondence of the targets and detection channels				
Detection through the channel				
FAM	JOE	ROX	Cy5	Cy5.5
DV1	DV2	DV3	DV4	IC

Principle of interpretation is the following:

- DV cDNA is **detected** if the *Ct* value determined in the results grid in the channel for the FAM and/or JOE and/or ROX and/or Cy5 fluorophores is less than the boundary *Ct* value specified in the *Important Product Information Bulletin*. Moreover, the fluorescence curve of the sample should cross the threshold line in the area of typical exponential growth of fluorescence.
- DV cDNA is **not detected** in a sample if *Ct* value determined in the results grid in the channel Cy5.5 fluorophore is less than the boundary *Ct* value, and in the corresponded to DV types channels for the FAM, JOE, ROX, Cy5 fluorophores *Ct* value is not determined (absent) or greater than specified.
- The result is **invalid** if *Ct* value is not determined (absent) in the channel for the FAM, JOE, ROX, Cy5 fluorophores, whereas the *Ct* value in the channel for the Cy5.5 fluorophore is not determined (absent) or greater than the specified boundary *Ct* value. In such cases, PCR analysis should be repeated starting from RNA extraction stage. If the same result is obtained in the second run, re-sampling of material is recommended.



Boundary *Ct* values are specified in the *Important Product Information Bulletin* enclosed in the PCR kit. See also Guidelines [2]

The result of the analysis is considered reliable only if the results obtained for the Positive and Negative Controls of amplification as well as for the Negative Control of extraction are correct (see Table 3).

Table 3

Results for controls						
Control	Stage for control	<i>Ct</i> value in the channel for fluorophore				
		FAM	JOE	ROX	Cy5	Cy5.5
C-	RNA extraction	Absent	Absent	Absent	Absent	<boundary value
NCA	PCR	Absent	Absent	Absent	Absent	Absent
C+	PCR	<boundary value	<boundary value	<boundary value	<boundary value	<boundary value

10. TROUBLESHOOTING

Results of analysis are not taken into account in the following cases:

1. If the C_t value determined for the Positive Control of Amplification (C+) in the channels for the FAM, JOE, ROX, Cy5 fluorophores is greater than the boundary C_t value or absent, the amplification should be repeated for all the samples in which the specific cDNA was not detected in the respective channel.
2. If the C_t value is determined for the Negative Control of extraction (C-) in the channels for the FAM, JOE, ROX, Cy5 fluorophores, PCR analysis should be repeated for all the samples in which cDNA was detected in the respective channel.
3. If the C_t value is determined for the Negative Control of Amplification (NCA) in any of the channels for the FAM, JOE, ROX, Cy5, Cy5.5 fluorophores, the amplification should be repeated not less than in three repeats for all the samples in which cDNA was detected in the respective channel with NCA.

If you have any further questions or if you encounter problems, please contact our Authorized representative in the European Community.

11. TRANSPORTATION

AmpliSens[®] Dengue virus type-FRT PCR kit should be transported at 2–8 °C for no longer than 5 days.

12. STABILITY AND STORAGE

All components of the **AmpliSens[®] Dengue virus type-FRT** PCR kit are to be stored at 2–8 °C when not in use (except for RT-G-mix-2, RT-PCR-mix-1-FRT DV, RT-PCR-mix-2-FEP/FRT, TM-Revertase (MMLv) and polymerase (TaqF)). All components of the **AmpliSens[®] Dengue virus type-FRT** PCR kit are stable until the expiry date stated on the label. The shelf life of reagents before and after the first use is the same, unless otherwise stated.



RT-PCR-mix-1-FRT DV, RT-PCR-mix-2-FEP/FRT, TM-Revertase (MMLv), RT-G-mix-2 and polymerase (TaqF) are to be stored at the temperature from minus 24 to minus 16 °C



RT-PCR-mix-1-FRT DV is to be kept away from light

13. SPECIFICATIONS

13.1. Analytical sensitivity

Biological material	Volume of test sample	Nucleic acid extraction kit	PCR kit	Analytical sensitivity, copies/ml	Material pretreatment
Blood plasma/blood serum, mosquito suspension	100 µl	RIBO-prep	PCR kit variant FRT-50 F	5×10^3	The claimed sensitivity is achieved while respecting the rules specified in the section <i>Sampling and Handling</i> and using the recommended volume of test sample
Blood plasma, blood serum	1 ml	MAGNO-sorb	PCR kit variant FRT-50 F	5×10^2	

13.2. Analytical specificity

The analytical specificity of **AmpliSens® Dengue virus type-FRT** PCR kit is ensured by selection of specific primers and probes as well as stringent reaction conditions. The primers and probes have been checked for possible homologies to all sequences published in gene banks by sequence comparison analysis.

The analytical specificity was tested on:

- *Flaviviruses* (*TBEV*, *Japanese encephalitis B virus*, *Omsk hemorrhagic fever*);
- Rickettsiae of spotted fever group (*Rickettsia conorii ssp. caspia*, *R. hejlonjiangensis*);
- *Coxiella burnetii*;
- *Bartonella quintana*;
- *Hantaviruses*: *Puumala*, *Dobrava*;
- *Leptospira interrogans*, *L. kirshneri*, *L. borgpetersenii*.

During the work with the RNA of the above-mentioned microorganisms and with human DNA, mosquito DNA, rodent DNA false positive results were not detected.

The clinical specificity of the **AmpliSens® Dengue virus type-FRT** PCR kit was confirmed in laboratory clinical trials.

14. REFERENCES














1. Handbook "Sampling, Transportation, and Storage of Clinical Material for PCR diagnostics", developed by Federal Budget Institute of Science "Central Research Institute for Epidemiology" of Federal Service for Surveillance on Consumers' Rights Protection and Human Well-Being, Moscow, 2010.
2. Guidelines to the **AmpliSens® Dengue virus type-FRT** PCR kit for qualitative detection of RNA of *Dengue virus* type 1-4 in the human clinical (blood plasma, blood serum) and autopsy material (brain, liver, spleen tissues), in animal material (brain, spleen tissues), in mosquitoes by polymerase chain reaction (PCR) with real-time hybridization-fluorescence detection developed by Federal Budget Institute of Science

“Central Research Institute for Epidemiology”.

15. QUALITY CONTROL

In compliance with Federal Budget Institute of Science “Central Research Institute for Epidemiology” ISO 13485-Certified Quality Management System, each lot of **AmpliSens®** *Dengue virus type-FRT* PCR kit has been tested against predetermined specifications to ensure consistent product quality.

16. KEY TO SYMBOLS USED

	Catalogue number		Caution
	Batch code		Sufficient for
	<i>In vitro</i> diagnostic medical device		Expiration Date
	Version		Consult instructions for use
	Temperature limitation		Keep away from sunlight
	Manufacturer	NCA	Negative control of amplification
	Date of manufacture	C-	Negative control of extraction
	Authorised representative in the European Community	C+	Positive control of amplification
		IC	Internal control

List of Changes Made in the Instruction Manual

VER	Location of changes	Essence of changes
12.10.17 PM	Through the text	Corrections according to the template
	8. Protocol	The Negative Control of Extraction (C-) was specified
12.02.18 PM	3. Content	The color of the reagent was specified