# AmpliSens® Neisseria gonorrhoeaescreen- FRT PCR kit



For Professional Use Only

# **Instruction Manual**

#### **KEY TO SYMBOLS USED**

REF	Catalogue number	$\triangle$	Caution
LOT	Batch code	$\sum$	Contains sufficient for <n> tests</n>
IVD	In vitro diagnostic medical device	2<	Use-by Date
VER	Version	Ti	Consult instructions for use
I	Temperature limit	**	Keep away from sunlight
***	Manufacturer	NCA	Negative control of amplification
$\sim$	Date of manufacture	c-	Negative control of extraction
EC REP	Authorized representative in the European Community	C+	Positive control of amplification
		IC	Internal control

#### 1. INTENDED USE

AmpliSens® Neisseria gonorrhoeae-screen-FRT PCR kit is an in vitro nucleic acid amplification test for qualitative detection of Neisseria gonorrhoeae DNA in the clinical material (urogenital, rectal, and oropharyngeal swabs; conjunctival discharge; prostate gland secretion; and urine samples) using real-time hybridization-fluorescence detection of amplified products

The results of PCR analysis are taken into account in complex diagnostics of disease.

#### 2. PRINCIPLE OF PCR DETECTION

Neisseria gonorrhoeae DNA detection by the polymerase chain reaction (PCR) is based on the amplification of the pathogen genome specific region using specific Neisseria gonorrhoeae primers. In the real-time PCR, the amplified product is detected with the use of fluorescent dyes. These dyes are linked to oligonucleotide probes that bind specifically to the amplified product during thermocycling. The real-time monitoring of fluorescence intensities during the real-time PCR allows the detection of accumulating product without re-

opening the reaction tubes after the PCR run. AmpliSens® Neisseria gonorrhoeae-scree AmpliSense Neisseria gonorrhoeae-screen-FRT PCR kit is a qualitative test that contains the Internal Control (Internal Control-FL (IC)). It must be used in the extraction procedure in order to control the extraction process of each individual sample and to identify

procedure in order to control the extraction process of each individual sample and to identify possible reaction inhibition.

AmpliSens® Neisseria gonorrhoeae-screen-FRT PCR kit uses "hot-start," which greatly reduces the frequency of nonspecifically primed reactions. In variant FRT, "hot-start" is guaranteed by the separation of nucleotides and Taq-polymerase using a wax layer. Wax melts and reaction components mix only at 95 °C. In variant FRT-100 F, "hot-start" is guaranteed by the separation of nucleotides and Taq-polymerase using chemically modified polymerase (TaqF). The chemically modified polymerase (TaqF) is activated by heating at 95 °C for 15 min.

95 °C for 15 min.

The PCR kit contains the system for prevention of contamination by amplicons using the enzyme uracil-DNA-glycosylase (UDG) and deoxyuridine triphosphate. The enzyme UDG recognizes and catalyzes the destruction of the DNA containing deoxyuridine, but has no effect on DNA containing deoxythymidine. Deoxyuridine is absent in the authentic DNA, but is always present in amplicons, because deoxyuridine triphosphate is a part of dNTP mixture in the reagents for the amplification. Due to the deoxyuridine containing contaminating amplicons are sensitive to the destruction by UDG before the DNA-target amplification. So the amplicons cannot be amplified.

The enzyme UDG is thermolabile. It is inactivated by heating at temperature above 50 °C. Therefore, UDG does not destroy the target amplicons which are accumulated during PCR.

Channel for fluorophore	FAM	JOE
DNA-target	Neisseria gonorrhoeae DNA	Internal Control-FL (IC) DNA
Target gene gene 16S rRNA		Artificially synthesized sequence

#### 3. CONTENT

AmpliSens® Neisseria gonorrhoeae-screen-FRT PCR kit is produced in 2 forms: variant FRT REF R-B51(RG)-CE.

variant FRT-100 F REF R-B51-F(RG,iQ)-CE.

Reagent	Description	Volume, ml	Quantity
PCR-mix-1-FL Neisseria gonorrhoeae-screen (ready-to- use single-dose test tubes (under wax))	clear liquid from colorless to light lilac colour	0.01	110 tubes of 0.2 ml
PCR-mix-2-FL-red	red clear liquid	1.1	1 tube
Positive Control complex (C+)	colorless clear liquid	0.2	1 tube
DNA-buffer	colorless clear liquid	0.5	1 tube
Negative Control (C-)*	colorless clear liquid	1.2	1 tube
Internal Control-FL (IC)**	colorless clear liquid	1.0	1 tube

- must be used in the extraction procedure as Negative Control of Extraction.
   add 10 μl of Internal Control-FL (IC) during the DNA extraction procedure directly to the sample/lysis mixture (see DNA-sorb-AM REF K1-12-100-CE protocol).

Variant FRT is intended for 110 reactions (including controls).

Variant FRT-100 F includes:

Reagent	Description	Volume, ml	Quantity
PCR-mix-1-FL Neisseria gonorrhoeae-screen	clear liquid from colorless to light lilac colour	1.2	1 tube
PCR-mix-2-FRT	colorless clear liquid	0.3	2 tubes
Polymerase (TaqF)	colorless clear liquid	0.03	2 tubes
Positive Control complex (C+)	colorless clear liquid	0.2	1 tube
DNA-buffer	colorless clear liquid	0.5	1 tube
Negative Control (C-)*	colorless clear liquid	1.2	1 tube
Internal Control-FL (IC)**	colorless clear liquid	1.0	1 tube

- must be used in the extraction procedure as Negative Control of Extraction.
- \*\* add 10 µl of Internal Control-FL (IC) during the DNA extraction procedure directly to the sample/lysis mixture (see DNA-sorb-AM REF K1-12-100-CE protocol).

Variant FRT-100 F is intended for 110 reactions (including controls).

## 4. ADDITIONAL REQUIREMENTS

- Transport medium.
- Transport medium. DNA extraction kit
- Disposable powder-free gloves and a laboratory coat.
- Pipettes (adjustable). Sterile pipette tips with aerosol filters (up to 200 µl).
- Tube racks.
- Vortex mixer.
- Desktop centrifuge with a rotor for 2-ml tubes
- PCR box
- Real-time instruments (for example, Rotor-Gene 3000/6000 (Corbett Research, Australia); Rotor-Gene Q (QIAGEN, Germany); iCycler iQ5 (Bio-Rad, USA), Mx3000P (Stratagene, USA); or equivalent).
- Disposable polypropylene tubes when working with PCR kit variant FRT-100 F:
  a) thin-walled 0.2-ml PCR tubes with domed caps if a plate-type instrument is used;
- b) thin-walled 0.2-ml PCR tubes with flat caps or strips of four 0.1-ml Rotor-Gene PCR tubes if a rotor-type instrument is used.
- Refrigerator for 2-8 °C.
- Deep-freezer at the temperature from minus 24 to minus 16 °C.

### 5. GENERAL PRECAUTIONS

The user should always pay attention to the following:

- Use sterile pipette tips with aerosol filters and use a new tip for every procedure.
- Store all extracted positive material (specimens, controls and amplicons) away from all other reagents and add it to the reaction mix in a distantly separated facility.
- Thaw all components thoroughly at room temperature before starting an assay
- When thawed, mix the components and centrifuge briefly.
  Use disposable protective gloves and laboratory cloths, and protect eyes while samples and reagents handling. Thoroughly wash hands afterwards.

  Do not eat, drink, smoke, apply cosmetics, or handle contact lenses in laboratory work
- Do not use a kit after its expiration date.
- Dispose of all specimens and unused reagents in accordance with local regulations.
- Samples should be considered potentially infectious and handled in biological cabinet in compliance with appropriate biosafety practices.
- Clean and disinfect all samples or reagents spills using a disinfectant, such as 0.5 % sodium hypochlorite or another suitable disinfectant.
- Avoid inhalation of vapors, samples and reagents contact with the skin, eyes, and mucous membranes. Harmful if swallowed. If these solutions come into contact, rinse the injured area immediately with water and seek medical advice if necessary. Safety Data Sheets (SDS) are available on request.
- Use of this product should be limited to personnel trained in DNA amplification techniques.
- Workflow in the laboratory must be one-directional, beginning in the Extraction Area and moving to the Amplification and Detection Area. Do not return samples, equipment and eagents in the area where the previous step was performed.



Some components of this kit contain sodium azide as a preservative. Do not use metal tubing for reagent transfer.

#### 6. SAMPLING AND HANDLING

Obtaining samples of biological materials for PCR-analysis, transportation, and NOTE: storage are described in the manufacturer's handbook [1]. It is recommended that this handbook is read before starting work.

AmpliSens® Neisseria gonorrhoeae-screen-FRT PCR kit is intended for the analysis of DNA extracted by DNA extraction kits from the clinical material (urogenital, rectal, and

oropharyngeal swabs, conjunctival discharge; urine samples, or the prostate gland secretion).

#### 7. WORKING CONDITIONS

AmpliSens® Neisseria gonorrhoeae-screen-FRT PCR kit should be used at 18–25 °C.

#### 8. PROTOCOL

#### 8.1. DNA extraction

It is recommended to use the following nucleic acid extraction kits:

• DNA-sorb-AM, REF K1-12-100-CE.

 For other nucleic acid extraction kits see Guidelines [2].
 The DNA extraction of each test sample is carried out in the presence of Internal Control-FL (IC).
In the extraction procedure it is necessary to carry out the control reactions as follows:

C-Add 100 μl of Negative Control (C-) to the tube labeled C-.

Extract DNA according to the manufacturer's instructions. NOTE:

#### 8.2. Preparing PCR

The type of tubes depends on the PCR instrument used for analysis. Use disposable filter tips for adding reagents, DNA and control samples into tubes.

#### 8.2.1 Preparing tubes for PCR

#### Variant FRT

- Variati FRI.
   The total reaction volume is 30 μl, the volume of DNA sample is 10 μl.
   Prepare the required number of tubes with PCR-mix-1-FL Neisseria gonorrhoeae-screen for amplification of DNA from clinical and control samples.
   Add 10 μl of PCR-mix-2-FL-red to the surface of the wax layer into each tube ensuring that it does not fall under the wax and mix with PCR-mix-1-FL Neisseria gonorrhoeae-

#### Variant FRT-100 F

- The total reaction volume is 25 µl, the volume of DNA sample is 10 µl.

  1. Thaw the tube with PCR-mix-2-FRT. Vortex the tubes with PCR-mix-1-FL Neisseria gonorrhoeae-screen, PCR-mix-2-FRT, and Polymerase (TaqF) and sediment the drops by short centrifugation (1-2 s).
  - Take the required quantity of tubes/ strips for amplification of DNA from clinical and control samples.
- 2. For N reactions (including 2 controls of amplification), add to a new tube: 10-(N+1) µl of PCR-mix-1-FL Neisseria gonorrhoeae-screen;

5.0-(N+1) µI of PCR-mix-2-FRT;

0.5 (N+1) µl of polymerase (TaqF)

Mix the prepared mixture and sediment the drops by short centrifugation (1-2 s). Transfer 15  $\mu$ I of the prepared mixture into each tube.

- Steps 3 and 4 are required in both variants.

  3. Add 10 μl of DNA obtained at the DNA extraction stage into the prepared tubes
- Carry out the control amplification reactions:
- NCA Add 10 µI of DNA-buffer to the tube labeled NCA (Negative Control of Amplification).
  Add 10 µI of Positive Control complex (C+) to the tube labeled C+
- C+
  - (Positive Control of Amplification). Add 10  $\mu$ I of sample extracted from Negative Control (C-) reagent to the tube labeled C- (Negative Control of Extraction).

#### 8.2.2 Amplification

Create a temperature profile on your instrument as follows:

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15 s

Table 2

AmpliSens-1 program Rotor-type Instruments Plate-type Instruments Temperature, Temperature Step Cycles Time Cycles Time 95 15 min 95 15 min 95 5 s 95 5 s 5 5 2 60 20 s 60 20 s 72 15 s 72 15 s 95 5 s 95 5 s 20 s 30 s fluorescent fluorescen 3 40 40 signal signal detection

Fluorescent signal is detected in the channels for the FAM and JOE fluorophores. Other channels are enabled if several tests are simultaneously carried out in a single run.

- 2. Adjust the fluorescence channel sensitivity according to Important Product Information Bulletin and Guidelines [2].
- Insert tubes into the reaction module of the device.
- Run the amplification program with fluorescence detection. Analyze results after the amplification program is completed.

15 s

#### 9. DATA ANALYSIS

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Analysis of results is performed by the software of the real-time PCR instrument used by measuring fluorescence signal accumulation in two channels:

- The signal of the *Neisseria gonorrhoeae* DNA amplification product is detected in the channel for the FAM fluorophore.
- The signal of the IC amplification product is detected in the channel for the JOE

Results are interpreted by the crossing (or not-crossing) the fluorescence curve with the threshold line set at the specific level that corresponds to the presence (or absence) of a Ct value of the DNA sample in the corresponding column of the results grid.

- Principle of interpretation is the following:

  Neisseria gonorrhoeae DNA is **detected** in a sample if the Ct value is determined in the results grid in the channel for the FAM fluorophore. Moreover, the fluorescence curve of the sample should cross the threshold line in the area of exponential growth of
- Neisseria gonorrhoeae DNA is not detected if its Ct value is not determined (absent) in the results grid (the fluorescence curve does not cross the threshold line) in the channel for the FAM fluorophore, whereas the  $\it Ct$  value determined in the results grid in the
- channel for the JOE fluorophore does not exceed the specified boundary value. The result is **invalid** if the *Ct* value is not determined (absent) in the channel for the FAM fluorophore, whereas the Ct value in the channel for the JOE fluorophore is not determined (absent) or exceeds specified boundary value. In such cases, PCR should be repeated for this sample.

Boundary Ct values are specified in the Important Product Information Bulletin enclosed to the PCR kit. See also Guidelines [2].

The result of the analysis is considered reliable only if the results obtained for the Positive and Negative Controls of amplification as well as for the Negative Control of extraction are correct (see Table 3).

Control	Stage for control	Ct value in the channel for fluorophore		
Control		FAM	JOE	
C-	DNA extraction	Absent	<box>  boundary value</box>	
NCA	PCR	Absent	Absent	
C+	PCR	<bod> </bod>	<box>   doundary value</box>	

#### 10. TROUBLESHOOTING

Results of analysis are not taken into account in the following cases:

- The Ct value determined for the Positive Control of amplification (C+) in the channel for the FAM fluorophore is greater than the specified boundary value or absent. The amplification should be repeated for all the samples in which the Neisseria gonorrhoeae DNA was not detected.
- The Ct value is determined for the Negative Control of Extraction (C-) and/or the Negative Control of Amplification (NCA) in the channel for the FAM fluorophore. The PCR analysis (beginning with the DNA extraction stage) should be repeated for all samples in which Neisseria gonorrhoeae DNA was detected.

If you have any further questions or if you encounter problems, please contact our Authorized representative in the European Community.

#### 11. TRANSPORTATION

AmpliSens® Neisseria gonorrhoeae-screen-FRT PCR kit should be transported at 2–8 °C for no longer than 5 days.

# 12. STABILITY AND STORAGE

All components of the AmpliSens® Neisseria gonorrhoeae-screen-FRT PCR kit are to be stored at 2–8 °C when not in use (except for polymerase (TaqF) and PCR-mix-2-FRT). All components of the AmpliSens® Neisseria gonorrhoeae-screen-FRT PCR kit are stable until the expiry date stated on the label. The shelf life of reagents before and after the first use is the same, unless otherwise stated.

Polymerase (TaqF) and PCR-mix-2-FRT are to be stored at the temperature NOTE: from minus 24 to minus 16 °C

PCR-mix-1-FL Neisseria gonorrhoeae-screen is to be kept away from light.

For example, Rotor-Gene 3000, Rotor-Gene 6000, Rotor-Gene Q or equivalent.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>2</sup> For example, iCycler, iQ5, Mx3000P, Mx3000 or equivalent.

#### 13. SPECIFICATIONS

Analytical sensitivity of AmpliSens® Neisseria gonorrhoeae-screen-FRT PCR kit is specified in the table below.

Clinical material	Transport medium	Nucleic acid extraction kit	Sensitivity, GE/ml <sup>3</sup>
Urogenital swabs	Transport Medium for Swabs (REF 956-CE, REF 987-CE) or Transport Medium with Mucolytic Agent (REF 952-CE, REF 953-CE)	DNA-sorb-AM	5 x 10 <sup>2</sup>
Urine (pretreatment is required)	-	DNA-sorb-AM	1 x 10 <sup>3</sup>

#### 13.2. Analytical specificity

The analytical specificity of AmpliSens® Neisseria gonorrhoeae-screen-FRT PCR kit is ensured by selection of specific primers and probes as well as the selection of strict

ensured by selection of specific primers and probes as well as the selection of strict reaction conditions. The primers and probes were checked for possible homologies to all sequences deposited in gene banks by sequence comparison analysis.

Nonspecific reactions were absent while testing human DNA samples and DNA panel of the following microorganisms: Neisseria flava, N.subflava, N.sicca, N.mucosa, N.lactamica, and N.meningitides; Gardnerella vaginalis; Lactobacillus spp.; Escherichia coli; Staphylococcus aureus; Streptococcus pyogenes and S. agalactia; Candida albicans; Mycoplasma hominis and M.genitalium; Ureaplasma urealyticum and U.parvum; Chlamydia trachomatis; Treponema pallidum; Trichomonas vaginalis; Toxoplasma gondii; HSV types 1 and 2; CMV;

The clinical specificity of **AmpliSens®** *Neisseria gonorrhoeae*-screen-FRT PCR kit was confirmed in laboratory clinical trials.

#### 14. REFERENCES

- Handbook "Sampling, Transportation, and Storage of Clinical Material for PCR diagnostics", developed by Federal Budget Institute of Science "Central Research Institute for Epidemiology" of Federal Service for Surveillance on Consumers' Rights Protection and Human Well-Being.
   Guidelines "Real-Time PCR Detection of STIs and Other Reproductive Tract Infections",
- developed by Federal Budget Institute of Science "Central Research Institute for Epidemiology".

#### 15. QUALITY CONTROL

In compliance with Federal Budget Institute of Science "Central Research Institute for Epidemiology" ISO 13485-Certified Quality Management System, each lot of **AmpliSens® Neisseria gonorrhoeae-screen-FRT** PCR kit has been tested against predetermined specifications to ensure consistent product quality.

List of Changes Made in the Instruction Manual

VER	Location of changes	Essence of changes	
02.07.11 RT	Cover page, text	The name of Institute was changed to Federal Budget Institute of Science "Central Research Institute for Epidemiology"	
	Text	Corrections according to the template	
23.11.15	8.1. DNA extraction	Information about controls of extraction was added	
ME	Data analysis     Troubleshooting	The sections were rewritten	
15.03.18 PM	Footer, 3. Content	REF R-B51(iQ)-CE was deleted	
19.12.18 PM	3. Content	The color of the reagent was specified	
20.12.18 PM	Principle of PCR detection	The information about the enzyme UDG was added	
	Through the text	The text formatting was changed	
24.04.20 MM	Principle of PCR detection	The table with targets was added	
IVIIVI	Footer	The phrase "Not for use in the Russian Federation" was added	
17.03.21 MA	-	The name, address and contact information for Authorized representative in the European Community was changed	

# AmpliSens®

EC REP

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<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>3</sup> Genome equivalents (GE) of the microorganism per 1 ml of the sample placed in the transport medium specified