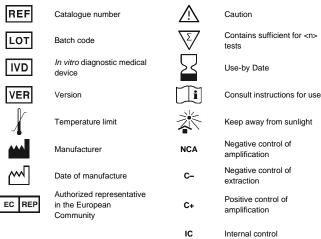
AmpliSens® Mycoplasma hominis-FRT PCR kit



Instruction Manual

KEY TO SYMBOLS USED



1. INTENDED USE

AmpliSens® Mycoplasma hominis-FRT PCR kit is an in vitro nucleic acid amplification test for qualitative detection of Mycoplasma hominis DNA in the clinical materials (urogenital swabs, urine, and prostate gland secretion) using real-time hybridization-fluorescence detection of amplified products.

The results of PCR analysis are taken into account in complex diagnostics of NOTE: disease.

2. PRINCIPLE OF PCR DETECTION

Mycoplasma hominis DNA detection by the polymerase chain reaction (PCR) is based on the amplification of the pathogen genome specific region using specific *Mycoplasma* hominis primers. In the real-time PCR, the amplified product is detected with the use of fluorescent dyes. These dyes are linked to oligonucleotide probes which bind specifically to the complication of the preserve of the preserv the amplified product during thermocycling. The real-time monitoring of fluorescence intensities during the real-time PCR allows the detection of accumulating product without re-

opening the reaction tubes after the PCR run. **AmpliSens**[®] **Mycoplasma hominis-FRT** PCR kit is a qualitative test that contains the Internal Control (Internal Control-FL (IC)). It must be used in the extraction procedure in order to control the extraction process of each individual sample and to identify possible reaction inhibition.

AmpliSens[®] Mycoplasma hominis-FRT PCR kit uses "hot-start", which greatly reduces the frequency of nonspecifically primed reactions. In variant FRT, "hot-start" is guaranteed by the separation of nucleotides and Taq-polymerase using a wax layer. Wax melts and reaction components mix only at 95 °C. In variant FRT-100 F, "hot-start" is guaranteed by using chemically modified polymerase (TaqF). The chemically modified polymerase (TaqF) is activated by heating at 95 °C for 15 min.

The PCR kit contains the system for prevention of contamination by amplicons using the enzyme uracil-DNA-glycosylase (UDG) and dUTP. The enzyme UDG recognizes and catalyzes the destruction of the DNA containing deoxyuridine, but has no effect on DNA containing deoxythymidine. Deoxyuridine is absent in the authentic DNA, but is always present in amplicons, because dUTP is a part of dNTP mixture in the reagents for the amplification. Due to the deoxyuridine containing contaminating amplicons are sensitive to the destruction by UDG before the DNA tracet amplification. So the amplicons containing the amplicons contained to the destruction by UDG before the DNA tracet amplification. the destruction by UDG before the DNA-target amplification. So the amplicons cannot be amplified. The enzyme UDG is thermolabile. It is inactivated by heating at temperature above 50 °C.

Therefore, UDG does not destroy the target amplicons which are accumulated during PCR. The results of amplification are registered in the following fluorescence channels:

		l able 1
Channel for FAM fluorophore		JOE
DNA-target	Mycoplasma hominis DNA	Internal Control-FL (IC) DNA
Target gene	gene 16S rRNA	Artificially synthesized sequence

3. CONTENT

AmpliSens[®] Mycoplasma hominis-FRT PCR kit is produced in 2 forms: variant FRT REF R-B3(RG)-CE; variant FRT-100 F REF R-B3-F(RG,iQ)-CE.

Variant FRT includes

Reagent	Description	Volume, ml	Quantity
PCR-mix-1-FL Mycoplasma hominis ready-to-use single-dose test tubes (under wax)	clear liquid from colorless to light lilac colour	0.01	110 tubes of 0.5 or 0.2 ml
PCR-mix-2-FL-red	red clear liquid	1.1	1 tube
Positive Control complex (C+)	colorless clear liquid	0.2	1 tube
DNA-buffer	colorless clear liquid	0.5	1 tube
Negative Control (C-)*	colorless clear liquid	1.2	1 tube
Internal Control-FL (IC)**	colorless clear liquid	1.0	1 tube

must be used in the extraction procedure as Negative Control of Extraction. add 10 µl of Internal Control-FL (IC) during the DNA extraction directly to the sample/lysis mixture (see DNA-sorb-AM REF K1-12-100-CE protocol).

AmpliSens® Mycoplasma hominis-FRT PCR kit is intended for 110 reactions (including controls)

Variant FRT-100 F includes:

Reagent	Description	Volume, ml	Quantity
PCR-mix-1-FL Mycoplasma hominis	clear liquid from colorless to light lilac colour	1.2	1 tube
PCR-mix-2-FRT	colorless clear liquid	0.3	2 tubes
Polymerase (TaqF)	colorless clear liquid	0.03	2 tubes
Positive Control complex (C+)	colorless clear liquid	0.2	1 tube
DNA-buffer	colorless clear liquid	0.5	1 tube
Negative Control (C-)*	colorless clear liquid	1.2	1 tube
Internal Control-FL (IC)**	colorless clear liquid	1.0	1 tube

* must be used in the extraction procedure as Negative Control of Extraction. ** add 10 μI of Internal Control-FL (IC) during the DNA extraction directly to the sample/lysis mixture (see the DNA-sorb-AM REF K1-12-100-CE protocol).

Variant FRT-100 F is intended for 110 reactions (including controls).

4. ADDITIONAL REQUIREMENTS

- Transport medium. DNA extraction kit
- Disposable powder-free gloves and laboratory coat.
- Pipettes (adjustable)
 - Sterile pipette tips with aerosol filters (up to 100 µl).
- Tube racks. Vortex mixer
- Desktop centrifuge with a rotor for 2-ml reaction tubes
- PCR box.
- Real-time instruments (for example, Rotor-Gene 3000/6000 (Corbett Research, Australia); iCycler iQ or iCycler iQ5 (Bio-Rad, USA), Mx3000P (Stratagene, USA) or equivalent).
- Disposable polypropylene tubes when working with PCR kit variant FRT-100 F:
- b) thin-walled 0.2-ml PCR tubes with domed caps if a plate-type instrument is used;
 b) thin-walled 0.2-ml PCR tubes with flat caps or strips of four 0.1-ml Rotor-Gene PCR tubes if a rotor-type instrument is used
- Refrigerator for 2-8 °C.
- Deep-freezer at the temperature from minus 24 to minus 16 °C.
- Reservoir for used tips.

5. GENERAL PRECAUTIONS

- The user should always pay attention to the following:
- Use sterile pipette tips with aerosol filters and use a new tip for every procedure. Store all extracted positive material (specimens, controls and amplicons) away from all
- other reagents and add it to the reaction mix in a distantly separated facility. Thaw all components thoroughly at room temperature before starting an assay
- When thawed, mix the components and centrifuge briefly. Use disposable protective gloves and laboratory cloths, and protect eyes while samples and reagents handling. Thoroughly wash hands afterwards. Do not eat, drink, smoke, apply cosmetics, or handle contact lenses in laboratory work
- areas
- Do not use a kit after its expiration date.
- Dispose of all specimens and unused reagents in accordance with local regulations
- Samples should be considered potentially infectious and handled in biological cabinet in compliance with appropriate biosafety practices.
- Clean and disinfect all samples or reagents spills using a disinfectant, such as 0.5 % sodium hypochlorite or another suitable disinfectant.
- Avoid inhalation of vapors, samples and reagents contact with the skin, eyes, and mucous membranes. Harmful if swallowed. If these solutions come into contact, rinse the injured area immediately with water and seek medical advice if necessary. Safety Data Sheets (SDS) are available on request.
- Use of this product should be limited to personnel trained in DNA amplification
- techniques. Workflow in the laboratory must be one-directional, beginning in the Extraction Area and
- moving to the Amplification and Detection Area. Do not return samples, equipment and reagents in the area where the previous step was performed.



Some components of this kit contain sodium azide as a preservative. Do not use metal tubing for reagent transfer.

6. SAMPLING AND HANDLING

Obtaining samples of biological materials for PCR-analysis, transportation and NOTE: storage are described in manufacturer's handbook [1]. It is recommended that

this handbook is read before starting work. AmpliSens[®] Mycoplasma hominis-FRT PCR kit is intended for analysis of the DNA samples (sediment of the first portion of the morning specimen),prostate gland secretion).

7. WORKING CONDITIONS

AmpliSens® Mycoplasma hominis-FRT PCR kit should be used at 18-25 °C.

8. PROTOCOL

8.1. DNA extraction

It is recommended that the following nucleic acid extraction kits are used:

- DNA-sorb-AM, REF K1-12-100-CE.
- For other nucleic acid extraction kits see Guidelines [2]. The DNA extraction of each test sample is carried out in the presence of Internal Control-FL (IC).
- In the extraction procedure it is necessary to carry out the control reactions as follows:

C-- Add 100 µl of Negative Control (C-) to the tube labeled C-

NOTE: Extract DNA according to the manufacturer's protocol.

8.2. Preparing PCR

8.2.1 Preparing tubes for PCR

The type of tubes depends on the PCR instrument used for analysis. Use disposable filter tips for adding reagents, DNA and control samples into tube

Variant FRT

- The total reaction volume is **30 µI**, the volume of DNA sample is **10 µI**. 1. Prepare the required number of the tubes with **PCR-mix-1-FL** *Mycoplasma hominis*
- In Pipere the required integration of DNA from clinical and control samples.
 Add 10 μl of PCR-mix-2-FL-red to the surface of the wax layer into each tube ensuring that it does not fall under the wax and mix with PCR-mix-1-FL Mycoplasma hominis. Variant FRT-100 F

- Variatir FR1-Top F The total reaction volume is 25 µl, the volume of DNA sample is 10 µl.
 1. Thay the tube with PCR-mix-2-FRT. Vortex the tubes with PCR-mix-1-FL Mycoplasma hominis, PCR-mix-2-FRT, and polymerase (TaqF) then centrifuge briefly. Take the required number of the tubes/stripes for amplification of the DNA obtained from division dependent complexes. 1.
- clinical and control samples For N reactions (including 2 controls of amplification), add to a new tube: 10*(N+1) μl of PCR-mix-1-FL Mycoplasma hominis;
 - 5.0*(N+1) μl of PCR-mix-2-FRT; 0.5*(N+1) μl of polymerase (TaqF).

Vortex the tube, then centrifuge briefly. Transfer $15\,\mu l$ of the prepared mixture to each tube.

Steps 3 and 4 are required in both variants

Add 10 µl of DNA obtained at the DNA extraction stage. 3

Δ Carry out the control reactions

- NCA Add 10 ul of DNA-buffer to the tube labeled NCA (Negative Control of
- Amplification).
- C+ Add 10 µl of Positive Control complex (C+) to the tube labeled C+ (Positive Control of Amplification).
- c-Add 10 μ I of the sample extracted from the Negative Control (C–) reagent to the tube labeled C– (Negative control of Extraction).

8.2.2. Amplification

1. Create a temperature profile on your instrument as follows:

AmpliSens-1 program						
	Rotor-type Instruments ¹			Plate-type Instruments ²		
Step	Temperature, °C	Time	Cycles	Temperature , °C	Time	Cycles
1	95	15 min	1	95	15 min	1
	95	5 s		95	5 s	
2	60	20 s	5	60	20 s	5
	72	15 s		72	15 s	
	95	5 s		95	5 s	
3	60	20 s Fluorescence acquiring	40	60	30 s Fluorescence acquiring	40
	72	15 s		72	15 s	

Fluorescent signal is detected in the channels for the FAM and JOE fluorophores (other channels are enabled if several tests are simultaneously carried out in a single run)

2. Adjust the fluorescence channel sensitivity according to Important Product Information Bulletin and Guidelines [2].

3.

- Insert tubes into the reaction module of the device. Run the amplification program with fluorescence detection.
- 5. Analyze results after the amplification program is completed.

9. DATA ANALYSIS

Analysis of results is performed by the software of the real-time PCR instrument used by measuring fluorescence signal accumulation in two channels:
The signal of the *Mycoplasma hominis* DNA amplification product is detected in the

- channel for the FAM fluorophore:
- The signal of the Internal Control amplification product is detected in the channel for the JOE fluorophore. Results are interpreted by the crossing (or not-crossing) the fluorescence curve with the

threshold line set at the specific level that corresponds to the presence (or absence) of a *Ct* value of the DNA sample in the corresponding column of the result grid. Principle of interpretation is the following:

- Mycoplasma hominis DNA is detected in a sample if the Ct value is determined in the result grid in the channel for the FAM fluorophore. Moreover, the fluorescence curve of the sample should cross the threshold line in the area of typical exponential growth of fluorescence.
- Mycoplasma hominis DNA is **not detected** in a sample if the *Ct* value is not determined (absent) in the result grid in the channel for the FAM fluorophore (the fluorescence curve does not cross the threshold line), whereas the *Ct* value in the channel for JOE fluorophore is less than the specified boundary *Ct* value.
- The result is **invalid** if the Ct value is not determined (absent) in the channel for FAM fluorophore, whereas the Ct value in the channel for JOE fluorophore is not determined (absent) or greater than the specified boundary Ct value. In such cases, the PCR

analysis should be repeated for such samples.

Boundary Ct values are specified in the Important Product Information Bulletin enclosed to the PCR kit. See also Guidelines [2] NOTE:

The result of the analysis is considered reliable only if the results obtained for the Positive and Negative Controls of amplification as well as for the Negative Control of extraction are correct (see Table 3).

Tab	le 3
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Results for controls				
Control	Store for control	Ct value in channel for fluorophore		
Control Stage for control		FAM	JOE	
C–	DNA extraction	Absent	<boundary td="" value<=""></boundary>	
NCA PCR Absent Abse		Absent		
C+	PCR	<boundary td="" value<=""><td><boundary td="" value<=""></boundary></td></boundary>	<boundary td="" value<=""></boundary>	

10. TROUBLESHOOTING

The results of analysis are not taken into account in the following cases:

- If the Ct value determined for the Positive Control of Amplification (C+) in the channel for the FAM fluorophore is greater than the boundary Ct value or absent, the amplification should be repeated for all samples in which Mycoplasma hominis DNA was not detected.
- If the Ct value is determined for the Negative Control of Amplification (NCA) and/or Negative Control of Extraction (C-) in the channel for the FAM fluorophore, the PCR analysis (beginning with the DNA extraction stage) should be repeated for all samples in which Mycoplasma hominis DNA was detected.

If you have any further questions or if encounter problems, please contact our Authorized representative in the European Community.

11. TRANSPORTATION

AmpliSens® Mycoplasma hominis-FRT PCR kit should be transported at 2-8 °C for no longer than 5 days.

12. STABILITY AND STORAGE

All components of the AmpliSens® Mycoplasma hominis-FRT PCR kit are to be stored at 2-8 °C when not in use (except for polymerase (TaqF) and PCR-mix-2-FRT). All components of the AmpliSens[®] Mycoplasma hominis-FRT PCR kit are stable until the exprovements or use Amprovents mycoplasma nominis-FRT PCR kit are stable until the expiry date on the label. The shelf life of reagents before and after the first use is the same, unless otherwise stated.

Polymerase (TaqF) and PCR-mix-2-FRT are to be stored at the temperature from minus 24 to minus 16 °C when not in use. NOTE

PCR-mix-1-FL Mycoplasma hominis should be kept away from light.

AmpliSens® Mycoplasma hominis-FRT PCR kit REF R-B3(RG)-CE; REF R-B3-F(RG,iQ)-CE / VER 11.01.13–17.03.21 / Page 2 of 3

Not for use in the Russian Federation

Table 2

 ¹ For example, Rotor-Gene 3000/Rotor-Gene 6000 (Corbett Research, Australia), Rotor-Gene Q (QIAGEN, Germany).
 ² For example, iCycler, <u>iQ5 (Bio-Rad, USA)</u>, Mx3000P, Mx3000 (Stratagene, USA).

13. SPECIFICATIONS

13.1. Sensitivity

The analytical sensitivity of AmpliSens® Mycoplasma hominis-FRT PCR kit is specified in

the table below.				
Clinical material	Transport medium	Nucleic acid extraction kit	PCR kit	Sensitivity, GE/ml ³
Urogenital swabs	Transport Medium for Swabs REF 956-CE, REF 987-CE or Transport Medium with Mucolytic Agent REF 952-CE, REF 953-CE	DNA-sorb-AM	variant FRT	1x10 ³
Urine (pretreatment is required)	I	DNA-sorb-AM	variant FRT	2x10 ³

13.2. Specificity

The analytical specificity of **AmpliSens[®]** Mycoplasma hominis-FRT PCR kit is ensured by selection of specific primers and probes as well as by selection of stringent reaction conditions. The primers and probes were checked for possible homologies to all sequences deposited in gene banks by sequence comparison analysis.

deposited in gene banks by sequence comparison analysis. Nonspecific reactions were absent while testing human DNA samples and DNA panel of the following microorganisms: Ureaplasma urealyticum and Uparvum; Mycoplasma genitalium; Gardnerella vaginalis; Lactobacillus spp.; Escherichia coli; Staphylococcus aureus; Streptococcus pyogenes; Streptococcus agalactiae; Candida albicans; Neisseria flava, N.subflava, N.sicca, N.mucosa, and N.gonorrhoeae; Chlamydia trachomatis; Trichomonas vaginalis; Treponema pallidum; Toxoplasma gondii; HSV types 1 and 2; CMV; and HPV. The clinical specificity of **AmpliSens[®] Mycoplasma hominis-FRT** PCR kit was confirmed in babaretarian in laboratory clinical trials.

14. REFERENCES

- Handbook "Sampling, Transportation, and Storage of Clinical Material for PCR Diagnostics", developed by Federal Budget Institute of Science "Central Research Institute for Epidemiology" of Federal Service for Surveillance on Consumers' Rights Protection and Human Well-Being.
 Guidelines "Real-Time PCR Detection of STIs and Other Reproductive Tract Infections", developed by Federal Budget Institution of Science "Central Research Institute for Epidemiology" of Federal Service for Surveillance on Consumers' Rights Protection and Human Well-Being, Moscow.

15. QUALITY CONTROL

In accordance with Federal Budget Institute of Science "Central Research Institute for Epidemiology" ISO 13485-Certified Quality Management System, each lot of **AmpliSens**[®] Mycoplasma hominis-FRT PCR kit has been tested against predetermined specifications to ensure consistent product quality.

List of Changes Made in the Instruction Manual				
VER	Location of changes	Essence of changes		
28.06.11 RT	Cover page, text	The name of Institute was changed to Federal Budget Institute of Science "Central Research Institute for Epidemiology"		
	Through the text	Corrections according to the template		
20.11.15	8.1. DNA extraction	Information about controls of extraction was added		
PM	9. Data analysis	The costions was rewritten		
	10. Troubleshooting	The sections was rewritten		
29.01.18 PM	3. Content	The colour of the reagent was specified		
14.03.18 PM	Footer, 3. Content	REF R-B3(iQ)-CE was deleted		
14.03.19 TA	 Principle of PCR detection 	The information about the enzyme UDG was added. The information about "hot-start" was corrected		
	Through the text	The text formatting was changed		
15.05.20 VA	Footer	The phrase "Not for use in the Russian Federation" was added		
VA.	 Principle of PCR detection 	The table with targets was added		
17.03.21 MA	-	The name, address and contact information for Authorized representative in the European Community was changed		

AmpliSens[®]



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transport medium.

³ Genome equivalents (GE) of the pathogen agent per 1 ml of a sample placed in the