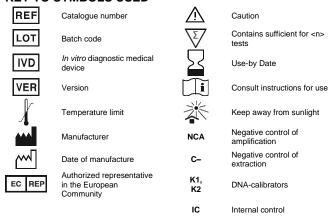
AmpliSens® Florocenosis / Aerobes-FRT PCR kit



For Professional Use Only

Instruction Manual

KEY TO SYMBOLS USED



1. INTENDED USE

AmpliSens® Florocenosis / Aerobes-FRT PCR kit is an in vitro nucleic acid amplification test for quantitative detection of DNA of *Enterobacteriaceae*, *Staphylococcus* spp. and *Streptococcus* spp. in the biological material (vaginal swab), in the diagnosis of inflammatory infections of female genitourinary system using real-time hybridization-fluorescence detection of amplified products. The material for PCR is DNA-samples extracted from test material.

Indications and contra-indications for use of the reagent kit

The reagent kit is used in clinical laboratory diagnostics for investigation of biological material taken from the women with suspected of inflammatory infections of genitourinary

There are no contra-indications with the exception of cases when the material cannot be taken for medical reasons

The results of PCR analysis are taken into account in complex diagnostics of NOTE:

2. PRINCIPLE OF PCR DETECTION

Principle of testing is based on the DNA extraction from the samples of test material with the exogenous internal control sample (Internal Control-FL (IC)) and simultaneous amplification of DNA fragments of the detected microorganism and DNA of the internal control with hybridization-fluorescence detection. Exogenous internal control (Internal Control-FL (IC)) allows to control all PCR-analysis stages of each individual sample and to identify possible reaction inhibition.

Amplification of DNA fragments with the use of specific primers and Taq-polymerase

enzyme are performed with the DNA samples obtained at the extraction stage. In the real-time PCR, the amplified product is detected with the use of fluorescent dyes. These dyes are linked to oligonucleotide probes, which bind specifically to the amplified product during thermocycling. The real-time monitoring of fluorescence intensities during the real-time PCR allows the detection of accumulating product without re-opening the reaction tubes after the PCR run.

The quantitative detection of *Enterobacteriaceae*, *Staphylococcus* spp. and *Streptococcus* spp. is based on the linear dependence between the initial DNA-target concentration in the sample and the cycle of start of the exponential growth of the fluorescent signal (cycle threshold, *Ct*). For the quantitative analysis amplification of DNA from the test samples is carried out simultaneously with DNA-calibrators (samples with the known concentration of the DNA target). Based on the amplification results of DNA-calibrators a calibration line is plotted and it is used for the estimation of concentration of the DNA target in the test

samples.

AmpliSens® Florocenosis / Aerobes-FRT PCR kit uses "hot-start", which greatly reduces the frequency of nonspecifically primed reactions. "Hot-start" is guaranteed by using chemically modified polymerase (TaqF). The chemically modified polymerase (TaqF) is activated by heating at 95 °C for 15 min.

The PCR kit contains the system for prevention of contamination by amplicons using the

enzyme uracil-DNA-glycosylase (UDG) and deoxyuridine triphosphate (dUTP). The enzyme UDG recognizes and catalyzes the destruction of the DNA containing deoxyuridine, but has no effect on DNA containing deoxythymidine. Deoxyuridine is absent in the authentic DNA, but is always present in amplicons, because dUTP is a part of dNTP mixture in the reagents for the amplification. Due to the deoxyuridine containing contaminating amplicons are sensitive to the destruction by UDG before the DNA-target amplification. So the amplicons cannot be amplified.

The enzyme UDG is thermolabile. It is inactivated by heating at temperature above 50 °C. Therefore, UDG does not destroy the target amplicons which are accumulated during PCR. The results of amplification are registered in the following fluorescence channels:

				Table I
Channel for fluorophore	FAM	JOE	ROX	Cy5
DNA-target	Enterobac- teriaceae	Staphylococcus spp.	Streptococcus spp.	IC
Target gene	gene 16S rRNA	gene 16S rRNA	gene 16S rRNA	Artificially synthesized sequence

3. CONTENT

AmpliSens® Florocenosis / Aerobes-FRT PCR kit is produced in 1 form: variant FRT-100 F, REF R-B88-100-FT-CE.

Reagent		Description	Volume, ml	Quantity
PCR-mix-FL Florod Aerobes	enosis /	clear liquid from colorless to light lilac colour	1.2	1 tube
PCR-buffer-B		colorless clear liquid	0.6	1 tube
Polymerase (TaqF)		colorless clear liquid 0.06		1 tube
TE-buffer		colorless clear liquid	0.2	1 tube
DNA calibrators K1 AB K2 AB		colorless clear liquid	0.2	1 tube
		colorless clear liquid	0.2	1 tube
Negative Control (C-)*		colorless clear liquid	1.2	1 tube
Internal Control-FL	(IC)**	colorless clear liquid 1.0		1 tube

- must be used in the extraction procedure as Negative Control of Extraction.
- add 10 μ I of Internal Control-FL (IC) during the DNA extraction procedure directly to the sample/lysis mixture (see DNA-sorb-AM REF K1-12-100-CE protocol).

Variant FRT-100 F is intended for 110 reactions (including controls and calibrators). The template of results calculation in Microsoft Excel format for automatic processing of data.

4. ADDITIONAL REQUIREMENTS

For sampling and pretreatment

- Transport medium.
- Universal gynaecological swab
- Flocked swab for sampling, transportation and storage of biological samples. For DNA extraction and amplification

- DNA extraction kit.
- Disposable powder-free gloves and a laboratory coat.
- Pipettes (adjustable).
- Sterile pipette tips with aerosol filters (up to 100 µl).
- Tube racks.
- Vortex mixer.
- PCR box.
- Real-time instruments (5 or more detection channels) (for example, Rotor-Gene Q (QIAGEN, Germany), CFX 96 (Bio-Rad, USA)).
- (QIAGEN, Germany), CFX 96 (Bio-Rad, USA)).

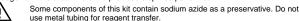
 Disposable polypropylene PCR tubes (0.1- or 0.2-ml):
 a) screwed or tightly closed 1.5-ml tubes for reaction mixture preparation.
 b) thin-walled 0.2-ml PCR tubes with optical transparent domed or flat caps or strips of eight 0.2-ml tubes with optical transparent caps if a plate-type instrument is used;
- thin-walled 0.2-ml PCR tubes with flat caps or strips of four 0.1-ml Rotor-Gene PCR tubes if a rotor-type instrument is used
- Refrigerator for 2-8 °C.
- Deep-freezer at temperature from minus 24 to minus 16 °C.
- Reservoir for used tips.

5. GENERAL PRECAUTIONS

- The user should always pay attention to the following:

 Use sterile pipette tips with aerosol barriers and use a new tip for every procedure.
- Store all extracted positive material (specimens, controls and amplicons) away from all other reagents and add it to the reaction mix in a distantly separated facility.
- Thaw all components thoroughly at room temperature before starting an assay
- When thawed, mix the components and centrifuge briefly. Use disposable protective gloves and laboratory cloths, and protect eyes while samples and reagents handling. Thoroughly wash hands afterwards.

 Do not eat, drink, smoke, apply cosmetics, or handle contact lenses in laboratory work
- Do not use the PCR kit if the internal packaging was damaged or its appearance was
- Do not use the PCR kit if the transportation and storage conditions according to the
- Instruction Manual were not observed. Do not use a kit after its expiration date
- Dispose of all specimens and unused reagents in accordance with local regulations
- Samples should be considered potentially infectious and handled in biological cabinet in compliance with appropriate biosafety practices.
- Clean and disinfect all samples or reagents spills using a disinfectant, such as 0.5 % sodium hypochlorite or another suitable disinfectant. Avoid inhalation of vapors, samples and reagents contact with the skin, eyes, and mucous membranes. Harmful if swallowed. If these solutions come into contact, rinse
- the injured area immediately with water and seek medical advice if necessary. While observing the conditions of transportation, operation and storage, there are no
- risks of explosion and ignition. Safety Data Sheets (SDS) are available on request.
- The PCR kit is intended for single use for PCR analysis of specified number of samples (see the section "Content").
- The PCR kit is ready for use in accordance with the Instruction Manual. Use the PCR kit strictly for intended purpose
- Use of this product should be limited to personnel trained in DNA amplification techniques.
- Workflow in the laboratory must be one-directional, beginning in the Extraction Area and moving to the Amplification and Detection Area. Do not return samples, equipment and reagents in the area where the previous step was performed.



6. SAMPLING AND HANDLING

AmpliSens® Florocenosis / Aerobes-FRT PCR kit is intended for analysis of the DNA extracted with DNA extraction kits from the biological material (vaginal swabs).

<u>Sampling</u>
<u>Vaginal swabs</u>. The material should be obtained from the posterolateral vaginal vault by the universal or flocked swab into a tube with transport medium. Turn the swab while rubbing it against the surface of the lateral vaginal wall. Collect as much of the material as possible by the swab. The minimal presence of impurities such as mucus and blood is allowed. Transfer the swab into a tube with the transport medium. Break off the lower part of the swab and leave it in the tube with transport medium. In case of impossibility of breaking off the lower part of the swab, the biological material should be washed into the tube with the transport media as much as possible. To do this, press the swab to the interior wall of the tube and rotate it 5-10 times in clockwise and contraclockwise order. The use of pair of scissors is

Tightly cap the tube avoiding an airspace formation and deformation of the interior part of the cap. Mark the tube. If the Transport Medium with Mucolytic Agent REF 952-CE;

REF 953-CE is used its color can be changed due to the change of pH (then the discharge is acidic).

Samples can be stored in Transport Medium with Mucolytic Agent before the PCRanalysis:

at the temperature from 18 to 25 °C – for 28 days; at the temperature from 2 go 8 °C – for 3 months;

unallowable for cutting-off the lower part of the swab!

- at the temperature not more than minus 20 °C for a long time.

Only one freeze-thawing cycle is allowed.

<u>Pretreatment</u>

The pretreatment of the vaginal swabs is not required.

Interfering substances and limitations of using test material samples

The effect of potentially interfering substances was studied on model samples. Model samples were prepared by breeding in **Negative Control (C-)** reagent (included in the DNA-sorb-AM nucleic acid extraction kit) of a quality control sample containing *Enterobacteriaceae*, *Staphylococcus* spp., *Streptococcus* spp. DNA to a concentration of 2x10³ and 2x10⁴ GE/mI with and without addition of potentially interfering substances.

2x10³ and 2x10⁴ GE/ml with and without addition of potentially interfering substances. To assess the effect of high concentrations of exogenous substances The following drugs in different concentrations (see Table 2) were used: «Miramistin®» («Infamed», Russia); «Chlorhexidine bigluconate», 0,05% topical solution («Biogen NPC», Russia); «Clotrimazole», cream 1% («Ozon», Russia); «Metrogyl», vaginal gel (metronidazole 1%), (Unique Pharmaceutical Laboratories, India); «Polygynax», vaginal capsules (Innotech International, France); «Macmiror® complex», vaginal capsules (Polichem Srl, Italy); «Hasico For Women», gel lubricant («EMANSI», Russia); «Contex Silk», silicone gel lubricant for intimate use (Contex, the Czech Republic), «Play Feel», gel lubricant for entimate use (Contex, the Czech Republic), «Play Feel», gel lubricant for ensitivity increasing (Durex, Thailand). The concentration of exogenous substances was determined as the volume of the drug to the volume of the test sample. The maximum concentration of exogenous substance corresponded to the maximum possible volume of a vaginal swab placed in the transport medium while sampling of clinical material with probes recommended for use. recommended for use.

Glycogen, hemoglobin, lactoferrin, mucin in various concentrations were used to assess the effect of endogenous substances (see Table 2). The concentrations of endogenous substances were determined taking into account the literature data on the study of PCR inhibitors. The highest concentration of endogenous substances exceeded more than twice the concentration of PCR inhibiting substances according to literature data.

Type of potential interferent	Potential interferent	Tested concentration	Interference presence
	Haemoglobin	65; 130; 260 μg/ml	Not detected
Endogenous	Lactoferrin	1.25; 2.5; 5 µg/ml	Not detected
substances	Glycogen	30; 60; 120 mg/ml	Not detected
	Mucin	50; 100; 150 μg/ml	Not detected
	«Miramistin®»		Not detected
	«Chlorhexidine bigluconate»		Not detected
	«Clotrimazole»		Not detected
	«Metrogyl»	4; 8; 16 %	Not detected
Exogenous substances	«Polygynax»	(the drug volume to the volume of the test	Not detected
	«Macmiror® complex»	sample)	Not detected
	«Hasico For Women»		Not detected
	«Contex Silk»		Not detected
	«Play Feel»		Not detected

The absence of the effect of the studied potentially interfering substances is guaranteed only when using the DNA sorb-AM nucleic acid extraction kit.

In order to control the efficiency of DNA extraction and amplification the Internal Control (Internal Control STI-87 (IC)) is used in the PCR kit. The Internal Control is added in each biological sample at the extraction stage. The presence of internal control signal after the amplification testifies the effectiveness of nucleic acid extraction and the absence of PCR inhibitors.

7. WORKING CONDITIONS

AmpliSens® Florocenosis / Aerobes-FRT PCR kit should be used at 18-25 °C.

8. PROTOCOL

8.1. DNA extraction

It is recommended to use the following nucleic acid extraction kits:

DNA-sorb-AM, REF K1-12-100-CE

NOTE: Extract DNA according to the manufacturer's protocols.

Extraction of DNA by express methods (for example, EDEM REF K2-17-100-CE) NOTE: is unallowable

The DNA extraction of each test sample is carried out in the presence of Internal Control-FL (IC).

The volume of Internal Control-FL (IC) is 10 μI into each tube. The volume of test sample is 100 μI.

In the extraction procedure it is necessary to carry out the control reaction as follows:

Add 100 µl of Negative Control (C-) to the tube labelled C- (Negative Control of Extraction).

The elution volume is 100 µl.

8.2. Preparing RCR

The type of tubes depends on the type of PCR real-time instrument.
Use disposable filter tips for adding reagents, DNA and control samples into tubes.

8.2.1. Preparing tubes for RT-RCR

The total reaction volume is 25 µI, the volume of DNA sample is 10 µI.

Components of the reaction mixture should be mixed just before the PCR NOTE:

- 1. Vortex the tubes with PCR-mix-FL Florocenosis / Aerobes, PCR-buffer-B and polymerase (TaqF) and sediment the drops by short centrifugation.

 2. Take the required number of tubes or strips for amplification of the DNA obtained from test and control samples.

 2. For 1 receipting eddless accurately (see table 4):
- For 1 reaction, add to a new tube (see table 1):

 For 1 reaction, add to a new tube (see table 1):
 10 μl of PCR-mix-FL Florocenosis / Aerobes,
 5.0 μl of PCR-buffer-B and polymerase (TaqF).
 Previously, prepare the mixture of PCR-buffer-B and polymerase (TaqF). To do this, transfer the entire content of the tube with polymerase (TaqF) (60 μl) into the tube with PCR-buffer-B (600 μl). Vortex the tube carefully avoiding foaming. Mark the tube with the mixture preparation date

The prepared mixture is intended for 110 samples. The mixture can be stored at 2-8 °C for 3 months and used when it is necessary. NOTE:

Table 1 Scheme of reaction mixture preparation			
	Reagent volume for specified	d number of reactions, µl1	
Reagent volume per one reaction, µI	10.0	5.0	
Number of biological samples to be tested	PCR-mix-FL Florocenosis / Aerobes	Mix of PCR-buffer-B and polymerase (TaqF)	
1	60	30	
2	70	35	
3	80	40	
4	90	45	
5	100	50	
6	110	55	
7	120	60	
8	130	65	
9	140	70	
10	150	75	
11	160	80	
12	170	85	
13	180	90	
14	190	95	
15	200	100	
16	210	105	
17	220	110	
18	230	115	
19	240	120	
20	250	125	
21	260	130	
22	270	135	
23	280	140	
24	290	145	
25	300	150	
30	350	175	

- Transfer 15 μI of the prepared mixture into each tube. Dispose the remaining mixture
- 5. Using tips with aerosol filter, add $10~\mu l$ of DNA samples obtained at the DNA extraction stage

Avoid transferring of sorbent together with the DNA samples extracted by **DNA-sorb-AM** kit. NOTE:

6. Carry out the control reactions

 Add 10 μl of TE-buffer into the tube labeled NCA (Negative Control NCA

DNA calibrator K1 DNA

- Add 10 μI of DNA calibrator K1 AB into the tube labeled K1.

- Add 10 μI of DNA calibrator K2 AB into the tube labeled K2. calibrator K2 C-

Add 10 ul of the sample extracted from Negative Control (C-) reagent into the tube labeled C- (Negative Control of Extraction).

 $^{^{\}rm 1}$ Values are specified including one extra reaction and four control reactions (DNA calibrators K1, K2, C- and NCA).

8.2.2. Amplification

1. Create a temperature profile on your instrument as follows (see Table 2, 3)2:

Table 2

Amp	AmpliSens unified amplification program for rotor-type ^s and plate type ^s instruments					
Step	Temperature, °C	Time	Fluorescent signal detection	Cycle repeats		
1	50	15 min	ı	1		
2	95	15 min	-	1		
2	95	10 s	-	45		
3	60	20 s	FAM, JOE, ROX, Cy5	45		

NOTE:

Any combination of the tests can be performed in one instrument simultaneously with the use of the unified amplification program. If several tests in "multiprime format are carried out simultaneously, the detection is enabled in other used channels except for the specified ones. If only the tests for DNA detection are performed in one instrument then the first step of reverse transcription (50 °C – . 15 min) can be omitted for time saving.

Table 3

	Rotor-type instruments ³ Plate-type instruments ⁴					
Step	Temperature, °C	Time	Cycles	Temperature, °C Time		Cycles
1	95	15 min	1	95	15 min	1
	95	5 s		95	5 s	
2	60	20 s	5	60	20 s	5
	72	15 s		72	15 s	
	95	5 s		95	5 s	
3	60	20 s Fluorescence acquiring	40	60	30 s Fluorescence acquiring	40
	72	15 s		72	15 s	

Fluorescent signal is detected in the channels for the FAM, JOE, ROX and Cy5 fluorophores.

Channel for the Cy5.5 fluorophore is enabled when necessary, if tests in "multiprime" format (that use this channel) are carried out. NOTE:

2. Insert tubes into the reaction module of the device. It is recommended to sediment drops from walls of tubes by short centrifugation (1-3 s) before placing them into the instrument.

In case of incomplete loading of plate-type instrument it is necessary to insert the NOTE: empty tubes at the borders of the thermocycler reaction module.

- Run the amplification program with fluorescence detection.
 Analyze results after the amplification program is completed.

9. DATA ANALYSIS

Analysis of results is performed by the software of the real-time PCR instrument used by measuring fluorescence signal accumulation in four channels:

Table 4

Channel for the fluorophore	FAM	JOE	ROX	Cy5
Signal registration, indicating the amplification product accumulation	Enterobac- teriaceae DNA	Staphylococcus spp. DNA	Streptococcus spp. DNA	Internal Control- FL (IC) DNA

Results are interpreted by the crossing (or not crossing) the fluorescence curve with the threshold line set at the specific level that corresponds to the presence (or absence) of a *Ct* value of the DNA sample in the corresponding column of the results grid.

Based on the obtained Ct values and specified concentration values of K1 AB and K2 AB DNA calibrators a calibration line is plotted automatically and it is used for the calculation of number of copies of *Enterobacteriaceae*, *Staphylococcus* spp. and *Streptococcus* spp. DNA concentration for test and control samples.

The values of DNA calibrators' concentrations are specified in the Important NOTE: Product Information Bulletin for the PCR kit.

The obtained values are used for calculation of number of genome equivalents (GE) of corresponding microorganisms DNA per 1 ml of the biological sample according to the formula:

> Number of microorganisms DNA copies x K = Number of genomic equivalents per 1 ml (GE/ml)

The coefficient **K** for calculation of the result in GE/ml is specified in the *Important Product Information Bulletin* for the PCR kit. NOTE:

The concentration values of *Enterobacteriaceae*, *Staphylococcus* spp. and *Streptococcus* spp. DNA indicate the total content of the microorganisms in the biological material

spp. DNA indicate the total content of the microorganisms in the biological material transferred into transport medium. If the obtained value is less than 1x10⁴ GE/ml then the result is interpreted as "less than 1x10⁴ GE/ml", if the obtained value is greater than 1x10⁸ GE/ml then the result is interpreted as "greater than 1x10⁸ GE/ml" (according to the linear range of the kit).

The result of analysis is considered **invalid** if the *Ct* value for the sample in the channel for the Cy5 fluorophore is absent or determined greater than the boundary value, herewith the calculated values of concentrations of *Enterobacteriaceae*, *Staphylococcus* spp. or

Streptococcus spp. DNA are not defined or less than 10⁴ GE/ml. PCR should be repeated for this sample starting from the DNA extraction stage.

Enterobacteriaceae, Staphylococcus spp. and Streptococcus spp. DNA is not detected if the Ct value for the sample for Enterobacteriaceae, Staphylococcus spp. or Streptococcus spp. DNA is absent, and the Ct value determined in the channel for the Cy5 fluorophore is less than the boundary value.

Boundary Ct values are specified in the Important Product Information Bulletin enclosed to the PCR kit.

The result of the analysis is considered reliable only if the results obtained for Negative and Positive Controls of extraction and amplification are correct (in accordance with table 5 and Important Product Information Bulletin enclosed in the PCR kit).

 2 The amplification programs (tables 2 and 3) are equal for the given PCR kit. 3 For example, Rotor-Gene Q (QIAGEN, Germany) or equivalent.

⁴ For example, CFX 96 (Bio-Rad, USA) or equivalent.

Results for controls

Control	Stage for	Amplification results in the channel for the fluorophore				
Control	control	FAM	JOE	ROX	Cy5	
C-	DNA Extraction	Concentration value is absent or < boundary value	Concentration value is absent or < boundary value	Concentration value is absent or < boundary value	Ct value < boundary value	
NCA	PCR	Concentration value is absent or < boundary value	Concentration value is absent or < boundary value	Concentration value is absent or < boundary value	Ct value is absent	
K1	PCR	Ct value is determined	Ct value is determined	Ct value is determined	Ct value is determined	
K2	PCR	Ct value < boundary value	Ct value < boundary value	Ct value < boundary value	Ct value < boundary value	

10. TROUBLESHOOTING

- Results of analysis are not taken into account in the following cases:

 1. The cycle threshold (Ct) values for the DNA calibrators (K1, K2) in the channels for the FAM and/or JOE and/or ROX fluorophores are absent, or the Ct values of DNA calibrator K2 exceed the boundary value, or the efficiency coefficient E according to the standard plot is less than the value specified in the *Important Product Information Bulletin*. The amplification and detection should be repeated for all the samples.
- 2. The calculated value of concentration (GE/ml) of Enterobacteriaceae, Staphylococcus spp. and Streptococcus spp. DNA for the Negative Control of extraction (C-) and/or Negative Control of amplification (NCA) is greater than the boundary value specified in the Important Product Information Bulletin. PCR should be repeated for all the samples from the DNA extraction stage.
- If you have any further questions or if you encounter problems, please contact our Authorized representative in the European Community.

11. TRANSPORTATION

AmpliSens® Florocenosis / Aerobes-FRT PCR kit should be transported at 2–8 °C for no longer than 5 days. Transportation at 2-25°C for no longer than 3 days is allowed.

12. STABILITY AND STORAGE

All components of the AmpliSens® Florocenosis / Aerobes-FRT PCR kit are to be stored at 2–8 °C when not in use (except for polymerase (TaqF) and PCR-buffer-B). All components of the AmpliSens® Florocenosis / Aerobes-FRT PCR kit are stable until the expiry date stated on the label. The shelf life of reagents before and after the first use is the same, unless otherwise stated.

Polymerase (TaqF) and PCR-buffer-B are to be stored at temperature from minus 24 to minus 16 $^{\circ}$ C. NOTE:

NOTE: PCR-mix-FL Florocenosis / Aerobes is to be kept away from light.

13. SPECIFICATIONS

13.1. Linear measurement range and analytical sensitivity (detection limit)

Test material	Transport medium	Nucleic acid extraction kit	Microorganisms	Analytical sensitivity (detection limit), GE/ml ⁵	Linear measure- ment range, GE/ml
Vaginal swab	Transport Medium with Mucolytic Agent	DNA-sorb-AM	Enterobac- teriaceae Staphylococcus spp. Streptococcus spp.	2x10 ³	1x10 ⁴ – 1x10 ⁸

The claimed features are achieved while respecting the rules specified in the section

13.2. Analytical specificity

The analytical specificity of AmpliSens® Florocenosis / Aerobes-FRT PCR kit is ensured by selection of specific primers and probes as well as stringent reaction conditions. The primers and probes have been checked for possible homologies to all sequences published in gene banks by sequence comparison analysis.

The nonspecific reactions were absent while testing:

The nonspecific reactions were absent while testing:

human DNA with concentration 5x10⁷ GE/ml;

DNA of the following microorganisms from ATCC collection (American Type Culture Collection, USA) and clinical isolates with concentration 1x10⁷ GE/ml: Lactobacillus spp., Gardnerella vaginalis ATCC® 14018TM, Enterococcus faecium ATCC® 35667TM, Neisseria gonorrhoeae ATCC® 49926TM, Chlamydia trachomatis, Mycoplasma hornis, Ureaplasma urealyticum, Trichomonas vaginalis, Candida albicans ATCC® 14053, HSV (herpes simplex virus) types 1 and 2, CMV (cytomegalovirus).

During testing the samples of DNA of microorganisms belonging to Enterobacteriaceae, Staphylococcus spp. and Streptococcus spp., including DNA of the following microorganisms from ATCC collection and clinical isolates with concentration no less than 7x10⁷ GE/ml: Escherichia coli ATCC® 25922TM, Klebsiella pneumoniae ATCC® 27736TM, Proteus mirabilis ATCC® 12453TM, Staphylococcus saprophyticus ATCC® 4990TM, Streptococcus agalactiae ATCC® 12236TM, Streptococcus pneumoniae ATCC® 49619TM, Streptococcus pyogenes ATCC® 19615TM, the positive results were obtained for each group only in the channel for detection of DNA of corresponding microorganisms group and non-specific results were absent in other channels.

The clinical specificity of AmpliSens® Florocenosis / Aerobes-FRT PCR kit was confirmed

The clinical specificity of AmpliSens® Florocenosis / Aerobes-FRT PCR kit was confirmed in laboratory clinical trials.

The information about known interfering substances is specified in the *Interfering* substances and *limitations of using test material samples*.

⁵ Number of genome equivalents (GE) of the pathogen agent in the biological material (vaginal swab) transferred into the transport medium calculated per 1 ml.

13.3. Reproducibility, repeatability and trueness

The reproducibility and repeatability were determined by testing the model samples of biological material. The model samples of biological material were prepared by dilution of quality control sample containing *Enterobacteriaceae, Staphylococcus* spp., *Streptococcus* spp. DNA with concentrations 1x10⁴, 1x10⁶ and 1x10⁸ GE/ml in the biological material vaginal swabs (transferred into **Transport Medium with Mucolytic Agent**). The pool samples of vaginal swabs, in which the content of DNA of microorganisms groups detected by the PCR kit does not exceed 1x10⁴ GE/ml, is used for the model samples preparation. Repeatability conditions included testing in the same laboratory, by the same operator, using the same equipment within a short period of time. Reproducibility conditions included testing in different laboratories, by different operators, using different equipment.

Table 7

	Reproducibility						
Microorganism	Initial concentration value, GE/mI	Average number of repeats	Average concentration value, Ig	Average standard deviation (SD)	Average coefficient of variation (CV), %		
Enterobacteriaceae		20	4.35	0.15	3.52		
Staphylococcus spp.	1x10⁴	20	4.38	0.16	3.62		
Streptococcus spp.		20	4.37	0.16	3.63		
Enterobacteriaceae		20	6.40	0.05	0.81		
Staphylococcus spp.	1x10 ⁶	20	6.20	0.02	0.33		
Streptococcus spp.		20	6.42	0.04	0.56		
Enterobacteriaceae		20	8.33	0.18	2.18		
Staphylococcus spp.	1x10 ⁸	20	8.37	0.17	2.00		
Streptococcus spp.		20	8.35	0.15	1.80		

Table 8

Re	pea	tab	ility

Microorganism	Initial concentration value, GE/mI	Average number of repeats	Average concentration value, Ig	Average standard deviation (SD)	Average coefficient of variation (CV), %
Enterobacteriaceae		40	4.33	0.17	3.80
Staphylococcus spp.	1x10 ⁴	40	4.35	0.16	3.72
Streptococcus spp.		40	4.35	0.16	3.69
Enterobacteriaceae	1x10 ⁶	40	6.40	0.07	1.01
Staphylococcus spp.		40	6.20	0.04	0.71
Streptococcus spp.		40	6.42	0.05	0.72
Enterobacteriaceae	1x10 ⁸	40	8.32	0.17	2.11
Staphylococcus spp.		40	8.36	0.17	1.99
Streptococcus spp.		40	8.36	0.14	1.68

The trueness was determined by measuring the quantitative DNA content of the three determined groups of bacteria in the dilution of quality control sample (QCS) with a concentration of 5x10⁴ GE/ml.

Table 9

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Microorganism	Number of repeats	Average value of measurement, Ig	Average specified value	Average bias (B), %
Enterobacteriaceae	100	4.77	4.70	1.49
Staphylococcus spp.	100	4.68	4.72	0.83
Streptococcus spp.	100	4.66	4.70	1.57

14. REFERENCES

 Rumyantseva T. A. et al. Diagnosis of aerobic vaginitis by quantitative real-time PCR //Archives of gynecology and obstetrics. – 2016. – T. 294. – №. 1. – C. 109-114

15. QUALITY CONTROL

In compliance with the Federal Budget Institute of Science "Central Research Institute for Epidemiology" ISO 13485-Certified Quality Management System, each lot of the **AmpliSens® Florocenosis / Aerobes-FRT** PCR kit has been tested against predetermined specifications to ensure consistent product quality.

List of Changes Made in the Instruction Manual

VER	Location of changes	Essence of changes	
16.06.15 ME	Text	Corrections according to the template and Russian instruction manual. Grammar corrections	
	1. Intended use	For biological material the phrase "taken from the persons suspected of aerobic vaginitis" was added	
	Principle of PCR detection	The section was rewritten. The information about using UDG enzyme was added. Target genes were added	
	Content	The software was added	
	4. Additional requirements	The following requirements were added: universal gynaecological swab, cotton swab for sampling, transportation and and storage of biological samples, screwed or tightly closed 1.5-ml tubes for reaction mixture preparation	
	6. Sampling and handling	The description of the vaginal swab sampling procedure was added. Interfering substances and limitations of using test material samples were added	
	8.1. DNA extraction	Additions about controls of extraction	

VER	Location of changes	Essence of changes
	9. Data analysis	The order of reaction mixture preparation was changed. The descriptions of the invalid result and the result "Enterobacteriaceae, Staphylococcus spp. and Streptococcus spp. DNA is not detected" were added. The result for DNA calibrator K1 was added
	11.Transportation	The phrase "Transportation at 2-25°C for no longer than 3 days is allowed" was added
	13. Specifications	Information about reproducibility, repeatability, trueness, diagnostic sensitivity and specificity was added
16.10.17 ME	Text	The biological material for analysis was changed from vaginal swab to vaginal discharge. The reference to "Handbook "Sampling, Transportation, and Storage of Clinical Material for PCR diagnostics" was deleted
	3. Content	The phrase "The software in Microsoft Excel format for processing of data and generation of results" was changed to "The template of results calculation in Microsoft Excel format for automatic processing of data" The colour of the reagent was specified
	5. General precautions	"Steam inhalation" and "harmful if swallowed" was added. "Safety Data Sheets (SDS)" was changed to "Important note about PCR kit safety"
	9. Data analysis	The phrase "Analysis and interpretation of the results can be performed automatically using the software for the PCR kit" was deleted. For invalid result it was added that calculated values of concentrations of Enterobacteriaceae, Staphylococcus spp. or Streptococcus spp. DNA are not defined or less than 10 ⁴ GE/ml
	10. Troubleshooting	The point "The calculated value of concentration (GE/ml) of Enterobacteriaceae, Staphylococcus spp. and Streptococcus spp. DNA for the test sample is less than 10 ⁴ GE/ml or absent, and the Ct value in the channel for the Cy5 fluorophore (Internal Control detection) is absent or exceeds the boundary value. The analysis should be repeated for this sample starting from the DNA extraction stage" was deleted
	13. Specifications	The analytical sensitivity was completed by the "detection limit" term. The model samples preparation was specified. Number of analyzed samples and obtained values were changed in the table "The results of testing AmpliSens® Florocenosis / Aerobes-FRT PCR kit in comparison with the reference assay". The diagnostic sensitivity and specificity values were changed.
23.09.19 PM	Through the test	The text formatting was changed. Corrections according to the template. "Vaginal discharge" was changed to "vaginal swabs". The information about Transport Medium for Swabs and Transport Medium TM-EDEM was deleted.
	1. Intended use	The intended use was specified. The Indications and contra-indications for use of the reagent kit subsection was added
	6. Sampling and handling	The information about storage of test material before PCR-analysis was added. The Interfering substances and limitations of using test material samples subsection was rewritten
	13. Specifications	The section was actualized
03.06.20	14. References Footer	The section was actualized The phrase "Not for use in the Russian Federation" was added
16.03.21 EM	_	added The name, address and contact information for Authorized representative in the European Community was changed

AmpliSens®

EC REP

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