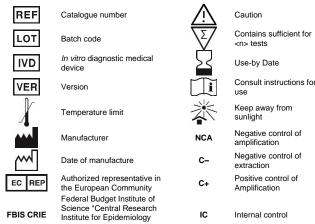
AmpliSens[®] Candida albicans-FRT PCR kit

For Professional Use Only

Instruction Manual

KEY TO SYMBOLS USED



1. INTENDED USE

AmpliSens® Candida albicans-FRT PCR kit is an in vitro nucleic acid amplification test for qualitative detection of Candida albicans DNA in the clinical material (urogenital and pharyngeal swabs; urine samples) using real-time hybridization-fluorescence detection of amplified products.

The results of PCR analysis are taken into account in complex diagnostics of NOTE: disease

2. PRINCIPLE OF PCR DETECTION

Candida albicans detection by the polymerase chain reaction (PCR) is based on the amplification of a pathogen genome specific region using specific *Candida albicans* primers. In real-time PCR, the amplified product is detected with the use of fluorescent dyes. These dyes are linked to oligonucleotide probes, which bind specifically to the amplified product during thermocycling. The real-time monitoring of fluorescence intensities during the real-time PCR allows the detection of accumulating product without re-opening the reaction tubes after the PCR run. AmpliSens[®] Candida albicans-FRT PCR kit is a qualitative test that contains the Internal

Control (Internal Control-FL (IC)). It must be used in the extraction procedure in order to control the extraction process of each individual sample and to identify possible reaction inhibition

AmpliSens® Candida albicans-FRT PCR kit uses "hot-start," which greatly reduces the

AmpliSens[®] Candida aibicans-FKI PCR kit uses "not-start," which greatly reduces the frequency of nonspecifically primed reactions. "Hot-start" is guaranteed by using chemically modified polymerase (TaqF). The chemically modified polymerase (TaqF) is activated by heating at 95 °C for 15 min. AmpliSens[®] Candida albicans-FRT PCR kit contains the system for prevention of contamination by amplicons using the enzyme uracil-DNA-glycosylase (UDG) and dUTP. The enzyme UDG recognizes and catalyzes the destruction of the DNA containing deoxyuridine, but has no effect on DNA containing deoxythymidine. Deoxyuridine is absent in the authentic DNA but is always present in amplicons because dUTP is a part of dMTP. becognitine, but has no enect on DNA containing deoxytryminine. Deoxytine is absent in the authentic DNA, but is always present in amplicons, because dUTP is a part of dNTP mixture in the reagents for the amplification. Due to the deoxyuridine containing contaminating amplicons are sensitive to the destruction by UDG before the DNA-target amplification. So the amplicons cannot be amplified. The enzyme UDG is thermolabile. It is inactivated by heating at temperature above 50 °C.

Therefore, UDG does not destroy the target amplicons which are accumulated during PCR. The results of amplification are registered in the following fluorescence channels:

		I able 1
Channel for fluorophore	FAM	JOE
DNA-target	Candida albicans DNA	Internal Control-FL (IC) DNA
Target gene	ITS-2 gene	Artificially synthesized sequence

3. CONTENT

AmpliSens[®] Candida albicans-FRT PCR kit is produced in 1 form: variant FRT-100 F REF R-F1-F(RG,iQ)-CE.

Variant FRT-100 F inclu

Reagent	Description	Volume, ml	Quantity
PCR-mix-1-FL Candida albicans	clear liquid from colorless to light lilac colour	1.2	1 tube
PCR-mix-2-FRT	colorless clear liquid	0.3	2 tubes
Polymerase (TaqF)	colorless clear liquid	0.03	2 tubes
Positive Control complex (C+)	colorless clear liquid	0.2	1 tube
DNA-buffer	colorless clear liquid	0.5	1 tube
Negative Control (C–)*	colorless clear liquid	1.2	1 tube
Internal Control-FL (IC)**	colorless clear liquid	1.0	1 tube

must be used in the extraction procedure as Negative Control of Extraction. add 10 μ I of Internal Control-FL (IC) during the DNA extraction procedure directly to **

the sample/lysis mixture (see DNA-sorb-AM REF K1-12-100-CE protocol).

Variant FRT-100 F is intended for 110 reactions (including controls).

4. ADDITIONAL REQUIREMENTS

- Transport medium. DNA extraction kit.
- Disposable powder-free gloves and a laboratory coat.
- Pipettes (adjustable)
- Sterile pipette tips with aerosol filters (up to 200 µl). Tube racks.
- Vortex mixer
- Desktop centrifuge with rotor for 2-ml reaction tubes.
- PCR box
- Real-time instruments (for example, Rotor-Gene 3000/6000 (Corbett Research, Australia); Rotor-Gene Q (QIAGEN, Germany); iCycler iQ5 (Bio-Rad, USA); Mx3000P (Stratagene, USA) or equivalent).
- Disposable polypropylene tubes: a) thin-walled 0.2-ml PCR tubes with domed caps if a plate-type instrument is used; b) thin-walled 0.2-ml PCR tubes with flat caps or strips of four 0.1-ml Rotor-Gene PCR tubes if a rotor-type instrument is used
- Refrigerator for 2-8 °C.
- Deep-freezer at the temperature from minus 24 to minus 16 °C.
- Reservoir for used tips.

5. GENERAL PRECAUTIONS

- The user should always pay attention to the following:

 Use sterile pipette tips with aerosol filters and use a new tip for every procedure
- Store all extracted positive material (specimens, controls and amplicons) away from all other reagents and add it to the reaction mix in a distantly separated facility.
- Thaw all components thoroughly at room temperature before starting an assay When thawed, mix the components and centrifuge briefly.
- Use disposable protective gloves and laboratory cloths, and protect eyes while samples and reagents handling. Thoroughly wash hands afterwards.
- Do not eat, drink, smoke, apply cosmetics, or handle contact lenses in laboratory work areas
- Do not use a kit after its expiration date.
- Dispose of all specimens and unused reagents in accordance with local regulations. Samples should be considered potentially infectious and handled in biological cabinet in
- compliance with appropriate biosafety practices. Clean and disinfect all samples or reagents spills using a disinfectant, such as 0.5~%
- sodium hypochlorite or another suitable disinfectant. Avoid inhalation of vapors, samples and reagents contact with the skin, eyes, and mucous membranes. Harmful if swallowed. If these solutions come into contact, rinse the injured area immediately with water and seek medical advice if necessary.
- Safety Data Sheets (SDS) are available on request.
- Use of this product should be limited to personnel trained in DNA amplification techniques.
- Workflow in the laboratory must be one-directional, beginning in the Extraction Area and moving to the Amplification and Detection Area. Do not return samples, equipment and reagents in the area where the previous step was performed.

Some components of this kit contain sodium azide as a preservative. Do not use metal tubing for reagent transfer.

6. SAMPLING AND HANDLING

Obtaining samples of biological materials for PCR-analysis, transportation, and NOTE: storage are described in the manufacturer's handbook [1]. It is recommended that this handbook is read before starting work.

AmpliSens[®] Candida albicans-FRT PCR kit is intended for analysis of the DNA extracted with DNA extraction kits from the clinical material (urogenital and pharyngeal swabs; urine samples (sediment of the first portion of the morning specimen).

7. WORKING CONDITIONS

AmpliSens® Candida albicans-FRT PCR kit should be used at 18-25 °C

8. PROTOCOL

8.1. DNA extraction

It is recommended to use the following nucleic acid extraction kits:

DNA-sorb-AM, REF K1-12-100-CE.

For other nucleic acid extraction kits see Guidelines [2]. The DNA extraction of each test sample is carried out in the presence of Internal Control-FL (IC).

In the extraction procedure it is necessary to carry out the control reactions as follows:

- Add 100 µl of Negative Control (C-) to the tube labeled C-. C-

NOTE: Extract the DNA according to the manufacturer's protocol.

8.2. Preparing PCR

8.2.1 Preparing tubes for PCR

The type of tubes depends on the PCR instrument used for analysis. Use disposable filter tips for adding reagents, DNA and control samples into tubes.

The total reaction volume is $25 \ \mu l$, the volume of DNA sample is $10 \ \mu l$

- 1. Thaw the tube with PCR-mix-2-FRT. Vortex the tubes with PCR-mix-1-FL Candida albicans, PCR-mix-2-FRT and Polymerase (TaqF) and sediment the drops by short centrifugation (1-2 s). Take the required number of tubes/strips for amplification of DNA from clinical and
- control samples. For N reactions (including 2 controls of amplification), add to a new tube: 10-(N+1) µl of PCR-mix-1-FL Candida albicans,

 $\begin{array}{l} \text{Tor(N+1)} \mu \text{ of PCR-mix-1-FL Calibication and calls,}\\ \textbf{0.5.}(N+1) \mu \text{ of PCR-mix-2-FRT,}\\ \textbf{0.5.}(N+1) \mu \text{ of polymerase (TaqF).}\\ \text{Mix the prepared mixture and sediment the drops by short centrifugation (1-2 s).}\\ \text{Transfer 15} \mu \text{ of the prepared mixture into each tube.} \end{array}$

- Add 10 µl of DNA samples obtained at the DNA extraction stage
- Carry out the control amplification reactions: Δ NCA Add 10 µl of DNA-buffer to the tube labeled NCA (Negative Control of
- Amplification)
- C+ Add 10 µl of Positive Control complex (C+) to the tube labeled C+
- (Positive Control of Amplification). Add 10 μ I of sample extracted from the **Negative Control (C-) reagent** to the tube labeled C- (Negative Control of Extraction). c-

8.2.2 Amplification

1. Create a temperature profile on your instrument as follows:

Table 2

	Rotor-type instruments ¹			Plate-typ	e instruments ²		
Step	Temperature, °C	Time	Cycles	Temperature, °C	Time	Cycles	
1	95	15 min	1	95	15 min	1	
	95	5 s		95	5 s		
2	60	20 s	5	5	60	20 s	5
	72	15 s		72	15 s		
	95	5 s		95	5 s		
3	60	20 s Fluorescence acquiring	40	60	30 s Fluorescence acquiring	40	
	72	15 s		72	15 s		

Fluorescent signal is detected in the channels for the FAM and JOE fluorophores. Other channels are enabled if several tests are simultaneously carried out in a single run. 2. Adjust the fluorescence channel sensitivity according to *Important Product Information*

Bulletin and Guidelines [2]. Insert tubes into the reaction module of the device.

Run the amplification program with fluorescence detection.
 Analyze results after the amplification program is completed.

9. DATA ANALYSIS

Analysis of results is performed by the software of the real-time PCR instrument used by measuring fluorescence signal accumulation in two channels:

- The signal of the *Candida albicans* DNA amplification product is detected in the channel for the FAM fluorophore.
- The signal of the IC DNA amplification product is detected in the channel for the JOE fluorophore.

Results are interpreted by the crossing (or not-crossing) the fluorescence curve with the threshold line set at the specific level that corresponds to the presence (or absence) of a Ct value of the DNA sample in the corresponding column of the results grid Principle of interpretation is the following:

- Candida albicans DNA is **detected** in a sample if the Ct value is determined in the results grid in the channel for the FAM fluorophore. Moreover, the fluorescence curve of the sample should cross the threshold line in the area of typical exponential growth of
- fluorescence. Candida albicans DNA is **not detected** if the Ct value is not determined (absent) in the results grid (the fluorescence curve does not cross the threshold line) in the channel for the FAM fluorophore, whereas the *Ct* value determined in the results grid in the channel for the JOE fluorophore does not exceed the specified boundary value.
- The result of analysis is **invalid** if the Ct value is not determined in the results grid (absent) in the channel for the FAM fluorophore, whereas the Ct value in the channel for the JOE fluorophore is not determined (absent) or exceeds the specified boundary value. In such cases PCR should be repeated for this sample.
- Boundary Ct values are specified in the Important Product Information Bulletin enclosed to the PCR kit. See also Guidelines [2] NOTE:

The result of the analysis is considered reliable only if the results obtained for the Positive and Negative Controls of amplification as well as for the Negative Control of extraction are correct (see Table 2).

Results for controls				
Control	Stage for control	Ct value in the channel for fluorophore		
Control		FAM	JOE	
C-	DNA extraction	Absent	<boundary th="" value<=""></boundary>	
NCA	PCR Absent Abse		Absent	
C+	PCR	<boundary th="" value<=""><th><boundary th="" value<=""></boundary></th></boundary>	<boundary th="" value<=""></boundary>	

10. TROUBLESHOOTING

- Results of analysis are not taken into account in the following cases:
- The Cr value determined for the Positive Control of amplification (C+) in the channel for the FAM fluorophore is greater than the specified boundary value or absent. The amplification should be repeated for all the samples in which the *Candida albicans* DNA was not detected.
 The Cr value detected.
- 2. The Ct value is determined for the Negative Control of Extraction (C-) and/or the Negative Control of Amplification (NCA) in the channel for the FAM fluorophore. The PCR analysis (beginning with the DNA extraction stage) should be repeated for all samples in which Candida albicans DNA was detected.

If you have any further questions or if encounter problems, please contact our Authorized representative in the European Community.

11. TRANSPORTATION

AmpliSens® Candida albicans-FRT PCR kit should be transported at 2-8 °C for no longer than 5 days.

12. STABILITY AND STORAGE

All components of the AmpliSens[®] Candida albicans-FRT PCR kit are to be stored at 2-8 °C when not in use (except for polymerase (TaqF) and PCR-mix-2-FRT). All components of the **AmpliSens**[®] **Candida albicans-FRT** PCR kit are stable until the expiration date on the label. The shell life of opened reagents is the same as that of unopened reagents, unless otherwise stated.

Polymerase (TaqF) and PCR-mix-2-FRT are to be stored at temperature from NOTE: minus 24 to minus 16 °C

NOTE: PCR-mix-1-FL Candida albicans should be kept away from light.

13. SPECIFICATIONS

13.1. Sensitivity

The analytical sensitivity of AmpliSens® Candida albicans-FRT PCR kit is following:

Clinical material	Transport medium	Nucleic acid extraction kit	Sensitivity, GE/ml ³
Urogenital swabs	Transport Medium for Swabs REF 956-CE, REF 987-CE or Transport Medium with Mucolytic Agent REF 952-CE, REF 953-CE	DNA-sorb- AM	1x10 ³
Urine (pretreatment is required)	-	DNA-sorb- AM	2x10 ³

13.2. Specificity

specified transport medium.

The analytical specificity of AmpliSens® Candida albicans-FRT PCR kit is ensured by selection of specific primers and probes as well as stringent reaction conditions. The primers and probes were checked for possible homologies to all sequences published in gene banks by sequence comparison analysis. Nonspecific reactions were absent while testing human DNA samples and DNA panel of the

Nonspecific reactions were absent while testing numan DNA samples and DNA parted of the following microorganisms: Gardnerella vaginalis, Lactobacillus sp., Escherichia coli, Candida glabrata, Candida krusei, Staphylococcus aureus, Streptococcus pyogenes, Streptococcus agalactiae, Mycoplasma hominis, Ureaplasma urealyticum, Ureaplasma parvum, Mycoplasma genitalium, Neisseria flava, Neisseria subflava, Neisseria sicca, Neisseria mucosa, Neisseria gonorrhoeae, Trichomonas vaginalis, Treponema pallidum, Toxoplasma gondii, HSV of 1 and 2 types, CMV and HPV. The clinical specificity of **AmpliSens[®] Candida albicans-FRT** PCR kit was confirmed in Inboratory clinical trick.

laboratory clinical trials.

³ Genome equivalents (GE) of the microorganism per 1 ml of clinical material placed in the

¹ For example, Rotor-Gene 3000, Rotor-Gene 6000, Rotor-Gene Q or equivalent. ² For example, iCycler, iQ5, Mx3000P, Mx3000 or equivalent.

AmpliSens® Candida albicans-FRT PCR kit REF R-F1-F(RG,iQ)-CE / VER 31.07.17–17.03.21 / Page 2 of 3

Not for use in the Russian Federation

14. REFERENCES

- KEFERENCES
 Handbook "Sampling, Transportation, and Storage of Clinical Material for PCR diagnostics", developed by Federal Budget Institute of Science "Central Research Institute for Epidemiology" of Federal Service for Surveillance on Consumers' Rights Protection and Human Well-Being.
 Guidelines "Real-Time PCR Detection of STIs and Other Reproductive Tract Infections", developed by Federal Budget Institute of Science "Central Research Institute for Epidemiology".

15. QUALITY CONTROL

In compliance with Federal Budget Institute of Science "Central Research Institute for Epidemiology" ISO 13485-Certified Quality Management System, each lot of the AmpliSens[®] Candida albicans-FRT PCR kit has been tested against predetermined specifications to ensure consistent product quality.

List of Changes Made in the Instruction Manual				
VER	Location of changes	Essence of changes		
24.06.11 LA	Cover page, text	The name of Institute was changed to Federal Budget Institute of Science "Central Research Institute for Epidemiology"		
	Text	Corrections according to the template		
20.11.15	8.1. DNA extraction	Information about controls of extraction was added		
20.11.15 ME	9. Data analysis 10. Troubleshooting	The sections was rewritten		
	13.1. Sensitivity	The column with the transport media was added		
14.03.18 PM	Footer, 3. Content	REF R-F1(iQ)-CE was deleted		
PIVI	3. Content	The color of a reagent was specified		
10.01.19 EM	 Principle of PCR detection 	The information about the enzyme UDG was added. The information about «hot-start» was corrected		
	Through the text	The text formatting was changed		
23.04.20 MA	Footer	The phrase "Not for use in the Russian Federation" was added		
	 Principle of PCR detection 	The table with targets was added		
30.10.20 MA	Through the text, Footer	The information about variant FRT REF R- F1(RG)-CE was deleted		
17.03.21 VA	_	The name, address and contact information for Authorized representative in the European Community was changed		

AmpliSens[®]



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